



Refrigerated air dryer

**EGRD
010 - 500**

EN - User's maintenance and spare parts manual

Dear Customer,

thank you for choosing our product. In order to get the best performances out of this product, please read this manual carefully.

To avoid incorrect operation of the equipment and possible physical risk to the operator, please read and strictly follow the instructions contained in this manual.

Note, these instructions are in addition to the safety rules that apply in the country where the dryer is installed.

Before packing for shipment each **EGRD** series refrigerated air dryer undergoes a rigorous test to ensure the absence of any manufacturing faults and to demonstrate that the device can perform all the functions for which it has been designed.

Once the dryer has been properly installed according to the instructions in this manual, it will be ready for use without any further adjustment. The operation is fully automatic, and the maintenance is limited to few controls and some cleaning operations, as detailed in the following chapters.

This manual must be maintained available in any moment for future references and it has to be intended as inherent part of the relevant dryer.

Due to the continuous technical evolution, we reserve the right to introduce any necessary change without giving previous notice.

Should you experience any trouble, or for further information, please do not hesitate to contact us.

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1 Identification plate

The identification plate is located on the back of the dryer and shows all the primary data of the machine. This data should always be referred to when calling the manufacturer or distributor. The removal or alteration of the identification plate will void the warranty rights.

2 Warranty conditions

For 12 months from the installation date, but no longer than 14 months from the delivery date, the warranty covers eventual faulty parts, which will be repaired or replaced free of charge, except the travel, hotel and restaurant expenses of our engineer.

The warranty doesn't cover any responsibility for direct or indirect damages to persons, animals or equipment caused by improper usage or maintenance, and it's limited to manufacturing faults only.

The right to warranty repairs is subordinated to the strict compliance with the installation, use and maintenance instructions contained in this manual.

The warranty will be immediately voided in case of even small changes or alterations to the dryer. To require repairs during the warranty period, the data reported on the identification plate must be notified.

3 Safety rules

3.1 Definition of the conventional signs used in this manual



Carefully read instruction manual before attempting any service or maintenance procedures on the dryer.



Caution warning sign. Risk of danger or possibility of damage to equipment, if related text is not followed properly.



Electrical hazard. Warning message indicates practices or procedures that could result in personal injury or fatality if not followed correctly.



Danger hazard. Part or system under pressure.



Danger hazard. High temperature conditions exist during operation of system. Avoid contact until system or component has dissipated heat.



Danger hazard. Treated air is not suitable for breathing purposes; serious injury or fatality may result if precautions are not followed.



Danger hazard: In case of fire, use an approved fire extinguisher, water is not an acceptable means in cases of fire.



Danger hazard. Do not operate equipment with panels removed.



Maintenance or control operation to be performed by qualified personnel only [1].



Compressed air inlet connection point



Compressed air outlet connection point



Condensate drain connection point



Operations which can be performed by the operator of the machine, if qualified [1].

NOTE: Text that specifies items of note to be taken into account does not involve safety precautions.



In designing this unit a lot of care has been devoted to environmental protection:

- CFC free refrigerants
- CFC free insulation parts
- Energy saving design
- Limited acoustic emission
- Dryer and relevant packaging composed of recyclable materials

This symbol requests that the user heed environmental considerations and abide with suggestions annotated with this symbol.

[1] Experienced and trained personnel familiar with national and local codes, capable to perform the needed activities, identify and avoid possible dangerous situations while handling, installing, using and servicing the machine. Ensuring compliance to all statutory regulations.

3.2 Warnings



Compressed air is a highly hazardous energy source.

Never work on the dryer with pressure in the system.

Never point the compressed air or the condensate drain outlet hoses towards anybody.



The user is responsible for the proper installation of the dryer. Failure to follow instructions given in the "Installation" chapter will void the warranty. Improper installation can create dangerous situations for personnel and/or damages to the machine could occur.



Only qualified personnel are authorized to service electrically powered devices. Before attempting maintenance, the following conditions must be satisfied:

- Ensure that main power is off, machine is locked out, tagged for service and power cannot be restored during service operations.
- Ensure that valves are shut and the air circuit is at atmospheric pressure. De-pressurize the dryer.



These refrigerating air dryers contain R134a or R407C HFC type refrigerant fluid. Refer to the specific paragraph - maintenance operation on the refrigerating circuit.



Warranty does not apply to any unit damaged by accident, modification, misuse, negligence or misapplication. Unauthorized alterations will immediately void the warranty.



In case of fire, use an approved fire extinguisher, water is not an acceptable means in cases of electrical fire.

3.3 Proper use of the dryer

This dryer has been designed, manufactured and tested for the purpose of separating the humidity normally contained in compressed air. Any other use has to be considered improper.

The Manufacturer will not be responsible for any problem arising from improper use; the user will bear responsibility for any resulting damage.

Moreover, the correct use requires the adherence to the installation instructions, specifically:

- Voltage and frequency of the main power.
- Pressure, temperature and flow-rate of the inlet air.
- Ambient temperature.

This dryer is supplied tested and fully assembled. The only operation left to the user is the connection to the plant in compliance with the instructions given in the following chapters.



The purpose of the machine is the separation of water and eventual oil particles present in compressed air.



The dried air cannot be used for breathing purposes or for operations leading to direct contact with foodstuff.

This dryer is not suitable for the treatment of dirty air or of air containing solid particles.

3.4 Instructions for the use of pressure equipment according to PED directive 97/23/EC

To ensure the safe operation of pressure equipments, the user must conform strictly to the above directive and the following:

1. The equipment must only be operated within the temperature and pressure limits stated on the manufacturer's data nameplate.
2. Welding on heat-exchanger is not recommended.
3. The equipment must not be stored in badly ventilated spaces, near a heat source or inflammable substances.
4. Vibration must be eliminated from the equipment to prevent fatigue failure.
5. Automatic condensate drains should be checked for operation every day to prevent a build up of condensate in the pressure equipment.
6. The maximum working pressure stated on the manufacturer's data nameplate must not be exceeded. Prior to use, the user must fit safety / pressure relief devices.
7. All documentation supplied with the equipment (manual, declaration of conformity etc.) must be kept for future reference.
8. Do not apply weights or external loads on the vessel or its connecting piping.



TAMPERING, MODIFICATION AND IMPROPER USE OF THE PRESSURE EQUIPMENT ARE FORBIDDEN. Users of the equipment must comply with all local and national pressure equipment legislation in the country of installation.

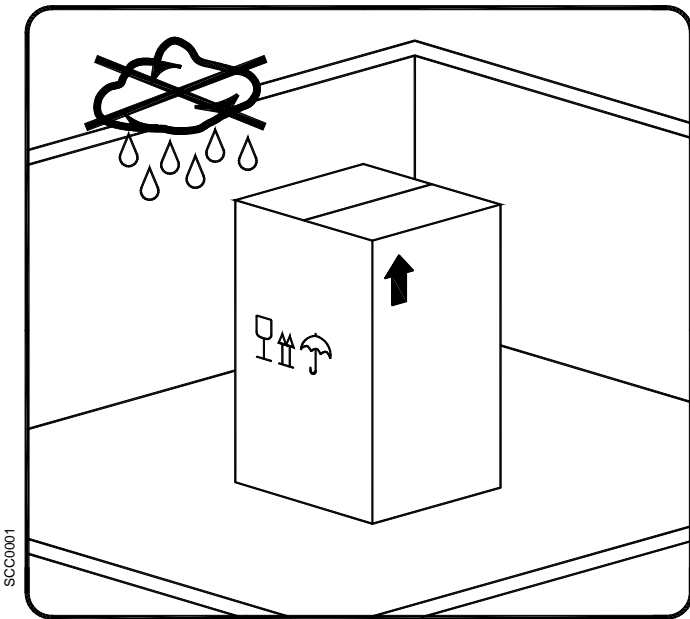
4 Installation

4.1 Transport

Check for visible loss or damage, if no visible damage is found place the unit near to the installation point and unpack the contents.

- To move the packaged unit we recommend using a suitable trolley or forklift truck. Hand carrying is not recommended.
- Always keep the dryer in the upright vertical position. Damage to components could result if unit is laid on its side or if placed upside down.
- Handle with care. Heavy blows could cause irreparable damage.

4.2 Storage



Even when packaged, keep the machine protected from severity of the weather.

Keep the dryer in vertical position, also when stored. Turning it upside down some parts could be irreparably damaged.

If not in use, the dryer can be stored in its packaging in a dust free and protected site at a temperature of 32°F (0°C) ... 122°F (50°C), and a specific humidity not exceeding 90%. Should the stocking time exceed 12 months, please contact the manufacturer.



The packaging materials are recyclable. Dispose of material in compliance with the rules and regulations in force in the destination country.

4.3 Installation site



Failure to install dryer in the proper ambient conditions will affect the dryer's ability to condense refrigerant gas. This can cause higher loads on the compressor, loss of dryer efficiency and performance, overheated condenser fan motors, electrical component failure and dryer failure due to the following: compressor loss, fan motor failure and electrical component failure. Failures of this type will affect warranty considerations.

Do not install dryer in an environment of corrosive chemicals, explosive gasses, poisonous gasses; steam heat, areas of high ambient conditions or extreme dust and dirt.



In case of fire, use an approved fire extinguisher, water is not an acceptable means in cases of fire.

Minimum installation requirements:

- Select a clean dry area, free from dust, and protected from atmospheric disturbances.
- The supporting area must be smooth, horizontal and able to hold the weight of the dryer.
- Minimum ambient temperature +34°F (+1°C).
- Maximum ambient temperature +113°F (+45°C).
- Ensure a proper cooling air replacement.
- Allow a sufficient clearance on each side of the dryer for proper ventilation and to facilitate maintenance operations.

The dryer does not require attachment to the floor surface.

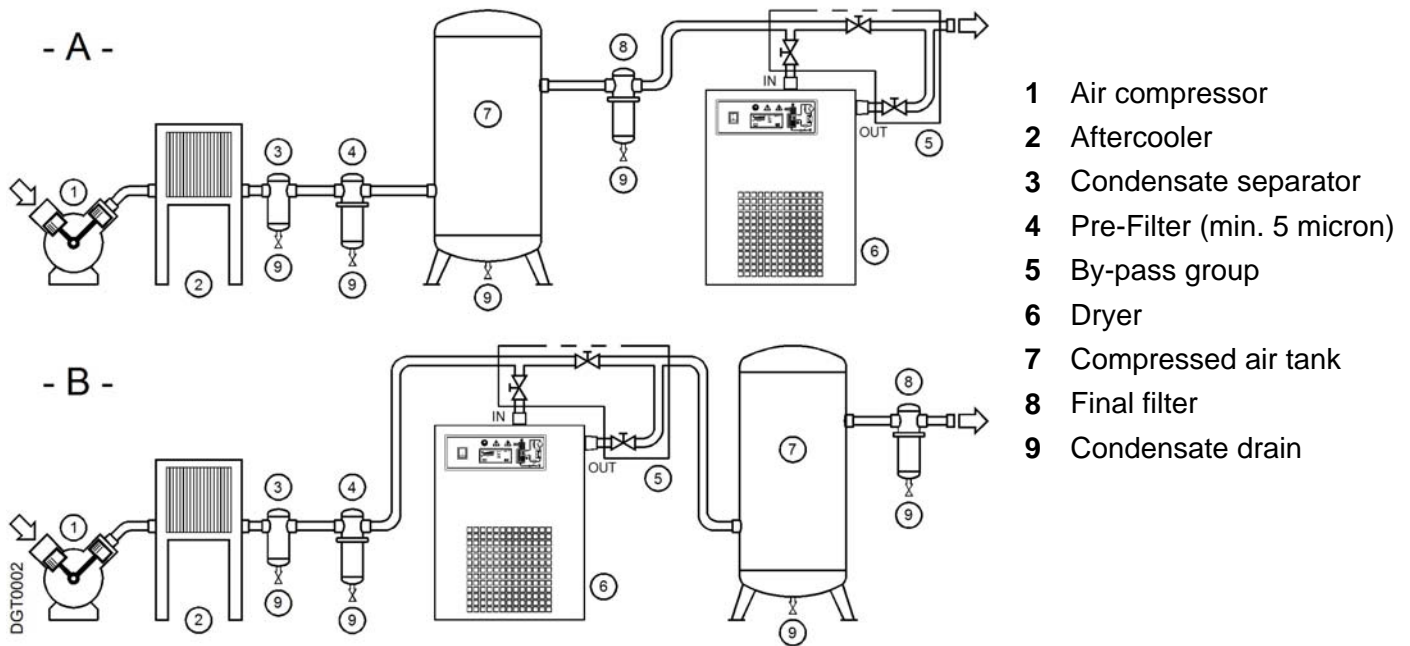


Do not block, even partially, ventilation grid.
Avoid any possible re-circulation of the exhaust cooling air.
Protect the dryer from air drafts or forced cooling air conditions.

NOTE : Dryers models EGRD 010 – 150 can be wall-mounted. See fixing dimensions on dimensional drawings in the attachment section.

The hanging mounting inevitably causes the obstruction of the ventilation grid positioned on the panel facing the wall fixing. This obstruction, in any case, does not prejudice the efficiency of the ventilation inside the dryer which is guaranteed by other grids on the other panels.

4.4 Installation layout



In case of heavily polluted inlet air (ISO 8573.1 class 3.-.3 or worse quality), we recommend the additional installation of a pre-filter (5 micron minimum) to prevent a clogging of the heat exchanger.

Type A installation is suggested when the compressor operates at reduced intermittence and the total consumption equals the compressor flow rate.

Type B installation is suggested when the air consumption can consistently change with peak values highly exceeding the flow rate of the compressors. The capacity of the tank must be sized in order to compensate eventual instantaneous demanding conditions (peak air consumption).

4.5 Correction factors

Correction factor for operating pressure changes:									
Inlet air pressure	psig	60	80	100	120	140	160	180	203
	barg	4	5.5	7	8	10	11	12	14
Factor (F1)		0.79	0.91	1.00	1.07	1.13	1.18	1.23	1.27

Correction factor for ambient temperature changes:								
Ambient temperature	°F	≤ 80	90	95	100	105	110	113
	°C	≤ 27	32	35	38	40	43	45
Factor (F2)		1.10	1.07	1.04	1.00	0.93	0.83	0.70

Correction factor for inlet air temperature changes:						
Air temperature	°F	≤ 90	100	110	122	131
	°C	≤ 32	38	43	50	55
Factor (F3)		1.11	1.00	0.80	0.65	0.53

Correction factor for DewPoint changes:					
DewPoint	°F	38	41	45	50
	°C	3	5	7	10
Factor (F4)		0.92	1.00	1.07	1.25

How to find the air flow capacity:	
Air flow capacity = Nominal duty x Factor (F1) x Factor (F2) x Factor (F3) x Factor (F4)	
Example:	
An EGRD 080 has a nominal duty of 75 scfm (127 m³/h). What is the maximum allowable flow through the dryer under the following operating conditions:	
Inlet air pressure = 120 psig (8 barg)	Factor (F1) = 1.07
Ambient temperature = 105°F (40°C)	Factor (F2) = 0.93
Inlet air temperature = 122°F (50°C)	Factor (F3) = 0.65
Pressure DewPoint = 50°F (10°C)	Factor (F4) = 1.25
Each item of data has a corresponding numerical factor which multiplied by the design air flow is as follows:	
Air flow capacity = 75 x 1.07 x 0.93 x 0.65 x 1.25 = 61 scfm (104 m³/h)	
61 scfm (104 m³/h) This is the maximum flow rate that the dryer can accept under these operating conditions.	

How to select a suitable dryer for a given duty:	
Minimum std. air flow rate =	Design air flow Factor (F1) x Factor (F2) x Factor (F3) x Factor (F4)
Example:	
With the following operating parameters:	
Design air flow = 100 scfm (170 m³/h)	Factor (F1) = 1.07
Inlet air pressure = 120 psig (8 barg)	Factor (F2) = 0.93
Ambient temperature = 105°F (40°C)	Factor (F3) = 0.65
Inlet air temperature = 122°F (50°C)	Factor (F4) = 1.25
Pressure DewPoint = 50°F (10°C)	
In order to select the correct dryer model the required flow rate is to be divided by the correction factors relating to above mentioned parameters:	
Minimum std. air flow rate =	100 1.07 x 0.93 x 0.65 x 1.25 = 124 scfm (211 m³/h)
Therefore the model suitable for the conditions above is EGRD 150 (125 scfm [212 m³/h]- nominal duty) .	

4.6 Connection to the compressed air system



Operations to be performed by qualified personnel only.

Never work on system under pressure.



The user is responsible to ensure that the dryer will never be operated with pressure exceeding the maximum pressure rating on the unit data tag.

Over-pressurizing the dryer could be dangerous for both the operator and the unit.

The air temperature and the flow entering the dryer must comply within the limits stated on the data nameplate. The system connecting piping must be kept free from dust, rust, chips and other impurities, and must be consistent with the flow-rate of the dryer. In case of treatment of air at particularly high temperature, the installation of a final refrigerator could result necessary. In order to perform maintenance operations, it is recommended to install a dryer by-pass system.



In case of heavily polluted inlet air (ISO 8573.1 class 3.-.3 or worse quality), we recommend the additional installation of a pre-filter (5 micron minimum) to prevent a clogging of the heat exchanger.

In realising the dryer, particular measures have been taken in order to limit the vibration which could occur during the operation. Therefore we recommend to use connecting pipes able to insulate the dryer from possible vibrations originating from the line (flexible hoses, vibration damping fittings, etc.).



**CAUTION :
PIPING THE DRYER, INLET/OUTLET CONNECTIONS MUST BE SUPPORTED AS SHOWN IN THE DIAGRAM.
FAILING WILL RESULT IN DAMAGE.**

4.7 Electrical connections



Qualified personnel should carry out connecting unit to the main power.

Be sure to check the local codes in your area.

Before connecting the unit to the electrical supply, verify the data nameplate for the proper electrical information. Voltage tolerance is +/- 10%.

Dryer are supplied with power cord and plug.

Be sure to provide the proper fuses or breakers based on the data information located on the nameplate.

A residual-current device (RCD) with $I_{\Delta n} = 0.03A$ is suggested. The cross section of the power supply cables must comply with the consumption of the dryer, while keeping into account also the ambient temperature, the conditions of the mains installation, the length of the cables, and the requirements enforced by the local Power Provider.



Important: ensure that the dryer is earthed.

Do not use any socket adapters at the mains plug.

If the mains plug needs to be replaced, this must only be done by a qualified electrician.

4.8 Condensate drain



The condensate is discharge at the system pressure.

Drain line should be secured.



Never point the condensate drain line towards anybody.

The dryer comes already fitted with a timed condensate drainer (solenoid valve controlled by electronic instrument).

Connect and properly fasten the condensate drain to a collecting plant or container.

The drain cannot be connected to pressurized systems.



Don't dispose the condensate in the environment.

The condensate collected in the dryer contains oil particles released in the air by the compressor.

Dispose the condensate in compliance with the local rules.

We recommend to install a water-oil separator where to convey all the condensate drain coming from compressors, dryers, tanks, filters, etc.

5 Start-up

5.1 Preliminary operation



Verify that the operating parameters match with the nominal values stated on the data nameplate of the dryer (voltage, frequency, air pressure, air temperature, ambient temperature, etc.).

This dryer has been thoroughly tested, packaged and inspected prior to shipment. Nevertheless, the unit could be damaged during transportation, check the integrity of the dryer during first start-up and monitor operation during the first hours of operation.



Qualified personnel must perform the first start-up.

When installing and operating this equipment, comply with all National Electrical Code and any applicable federal, state and local codes.



Who is operating the unit is responsible for the proper and safe operation of the dryer.

Never operate equipment with panels removed.

5.2 First start-up



This procedure should be followed on first start-up, after periods of extended shutdown or following maintenance procedures. Qualified personnel must perform the start-up.



Sequence of operations (refer to paragraph 7.1 Control Panel).

- Ensure that all the steps of the “Installation” chapter have been observed.
- Ensure that the connection to the compressed air system is correct and that the piping is suitably fixed and supported.
- Ensure that the condensate drain pipe is properly fastened and connected to a collection system or container.
- Ensure that the by-pass system (if installed) is closed and the dryer is isolated.
- Ensure that the manual valve of the condensate drain circuit is open.
- Remove any packaging and other material which could obstruct the area around the dryer.
- Activate the mains switch.
- Turn ON the switch - pos. 1 on the control panel.
- Ensure that electronic instrument is ON.
- Ensure the consumption matches with the values of the data plate.
- Ensure the fan works properly – wait for its first interventions.
- Allow the dryer temperature to stabilise at the pre-set value.
- Slowly open the air inlet valve.
- Slowly open the air outlet valve.
- Slowly close the central by-pass valve of the system (if installed).
- Check the piping for air leakage.
- Ensure the drain is regularly cycling - wait for its first interventions.

5.3 Start-up and shut down



Start-up (refer to paragraph 7.1 Control Panel)

- Check the condenser for cleanliness.
- Turn ON the switch - pos. 1 on the control panel.
- Ensure that electronic instrument is ON.
- Wait a few minutes; verify that the DewPoint temperature displayed on electronic instrument is correct and that the condensate is regularly drained.
- Switch on the air compressor.



Shut down (refer to paragraph 7.1 Control Panel)

- Check that the DewPoint temperature indicated on the electronic instrument is within range.
- Shut down the air compressor.
- After a few minutes, turn OFF the switch - pos. 1 on the control panel.

NOTE : A DewPoint included in the green operating area of the electronic controller is correct according to the possible working conditions (flow-rate, temperature of the incoming air, ambient temperature, etc.)

During the operation, the refrigerant compressor will run continuously. The dryer must remain on during the full usage period of the compressed air, even if the air compressor works intermittently.



The number of starts must be no more than 6 per hour.

The dryer must stop running for at least 5 minutes before being started up again.

Frequent starts may cause irreparable damage.

The user is responsible for compliance with these rules.

6 Technical data

6.1 Technical data EGRD 010 – 200 1/115/60

MODEL	EGRD nnn-115V/60Hz-UL	010	015	020	030	040	050	080	100	150	175	200
Air flow rate at nominal condition (1)	[scfm]	10	15	20	35	50	65	75	100	125	150	175
	[m ³ /h]	17	25	34	59	85	108	127	170	212	255	297
	[l/min]	283	425	566	991	1415	1800	2123	2830	3538	4245	4953
							41 (5)					
Pressure DewPoint at nominal condition (1)	[°F (°C)]						100 (38)					
Nominal ambient temperature	[°F (°C)]						34... 113 (1...45)					
Min... Max ambient temperature	[°F (°C)]						100 (38) max. 131 (55)					
Nominal inlet air temperature	[°F (°C)]						100 (7)					
Nominal inlet air pressure	[psig (barg)]						232 (16)					
Max. inlet air pressure	[psig (barg)]									203 (14)		
Air pressure drop - Δp	[psi (bar)]	1.5 (0.10)	2.0 (0.14)	0.6 (0.04)	1.3 (0.09)	2.2 (0.15)	4.6 (0.32)	2.6 (0.18)	2.2 (0.15)	3.5 (0.24)	4.9 (0.34)	2.8 (0.19)
Inlet - Outlet connections	[NPT-F]	3/8"				1/2"		1"	1 1/4"	1 1/4"		1 1/2"
Refrigerant type							R134.a					R407C
Refrigerant quantity (2)	[oz (kg)]	7 (0.20)	7 1/2 (0.21)	7 1/2 (0.21)	7 3/4 (0.22)	8 3/4 (0.25)	8 3/4 (0.25)	11 3/4 (0.33)	15 1/2 (0.44)	14 1/2 (0.41)	17 3/4 (0.50)	17 3/4 (0.50)
Cooling air fan flow	[cfm (m ³ /h)]			180 (300)			240 (400)		290 (500)	220 (380)	350 (600)	350 (600)
Heat Rejection	[btu/hr (kW)]	1700 (0.49)	1750 (0.51)	1850 (0.54)	2290 (0.67)	2700 (0.79)	3000 (0.87)	4950 (1.45)	6800 (2.00)	13490 (3.95)	13700 (4.00)	13800 (4.05)
Standard Power Supply (2)	[PhV/Hz]						1/115/60					
Nominal electric consumption	[kW]	0.19	0.20	0.21	0.29	0.30	0.33	0.45	0.70	1.00	1.05	1.10
	[A]	2.5	2.6	2.7	3.2	3.4	2.0	5.1	8.0	7.6	7.7	7.7
Total input current	[A]	2.7	2.7	2.7	3.7	4.0	4.5	4.6	8.8	10.2	10.2	10.2
Minimum Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	[A]	3.4	3.4	3.4	4.6	4.9	5.5	5.6	10.8	12.6	12.6	12.6
Maximum rating of Overcurrent Protective device (MOP)	[A]	5.9	5.9	5.9	8.1	8.4	9.5	9.7	18.9	22.1	22.1	22.1
Fuse max.	[A]	5	5	5	8	8	9	9	15	20	20	20
Max. noise level at 1 m	[dB(A)]						< 70					
Weight	[lb (kg)]	46 (21)	48 (22)	55 (25)	62 (28)	70 (32)	74 (33)	75 (34)	86 (39)	88 (40)	90 (41)	119 (54)

(1) The nominal condition refers to an ambient temperature of 100°F (38°C) with inlet air at 100 psig (7 barg) and 100°F (38°C).

(2) Check the data shown on the identification plate.

6.2 Technical data EGRD 150 – 500 1/230/60

MODEL	EGRD nnn-230V/60Hz-UL	150	175	200	250	300	400	500
Air flow rate at nominal condition (1)	[scfm]	125	150	175	220	300	375	480
	[m ³ /h]	212	255	297	374	509	637	815
	[l/min]	3538	4245	4953	6226	8490	10613	13584
Pressure DewPoint at nominal condition (1)	[°F (°C)]	41 (5)						
Nominal ambient temperature	[°F (°C)]	100 (38)						
Min...Max ambient temperature	[°F (°C)]	34...113 (1...45)						
Nominal inlet air temperature	[°F (°C)]	100 (38) max.131 (55)						
Nominal inlet air pressure	[psig (barg)]	100 (7)						
Max. inlet air pressure	[psig (barg)]	203 (14)						
Air pressure drop - Δp	[psi (bar)]	3.5 (0.24)	4.9 (0.34)	2.8 (0.19)	3.6 (0.25)	2.0 (0.14)	2.9 (0.20)	2.2 (0.15)
Inlet - Outlet connections	[NPT-F]	1 1/4"						
Refrigerant type		R407C						
Refrigerant quantity (2)	[oz (kg)]	14.1/2 (0.41)	17.3/4 (0.50)	17.3/4 (0.50)	24.3/4 (0.70)	35.1/2 (1.00)	39 (1.10)	60 (1.70)
Cooling air fan flow	[cfm (m ³ /h)]	220 (380)	350 (600)	350 (600)	530 (900)	1100 (1900)	1100 (1900)	1500 (2500)
Heat Rejection	[btu/hr (kW)]	12950 (3.80)	13200 (3.85)	13300 (3.90)	17300 (5.05)	17400 (5.10)	26600 (7.80)	27000 (7.90)
Standard Power Supply (2)	[Ph/V/Hz]	1/230/60						
Nominal electric consumption	[kW]	1.05	1.15	1.20	1.25	1.50	2.20	2.30
	[A]	4.4	4.5	4.9	5.2	5.7	9.1	9.4
Total input current	[A]	5.3	5.3	5.3	6.3	5.1	11.3	11.3
Minimum Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	[A]	6.5	6.5	6.5	7.5	6.1	13.8	13.8
Maximum rating of Overcurrent Protective device (MOP)	[A]	11.2	11.2	11.2	12.2	10.2	24.1	24.1
Fuse max.	[A]	10	10	10	12	12	20	20
Max. noise level at 1 m	[dB(A)]	< 70						
Weight	[lb (kg)]	88 (40)	90 (41)	119 (54)	123 (56)	207 (94)	212 (96)	317 (144)

(1) The nominal condition refers to an ambient temperature of 100°F (38°C) with inlet air at 100 psig (7 barg) and 100°F (38°C).

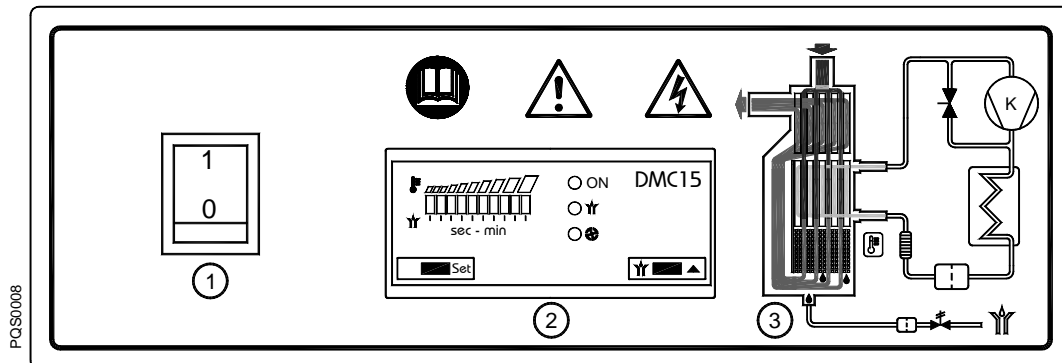
(2) Check the data shown on the identification plate.

7 Technical description

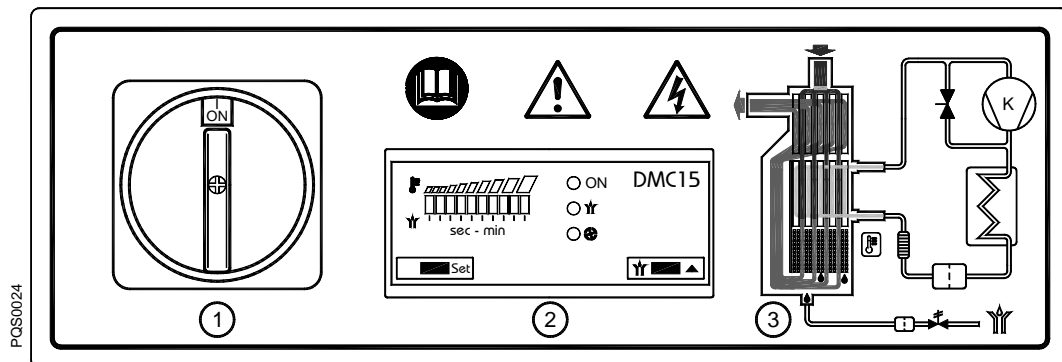
7.1 Control panel

The control panel illustrated below is the only dryer-operator interface.

EGRD 010 – 200



EGRD 250 – 500



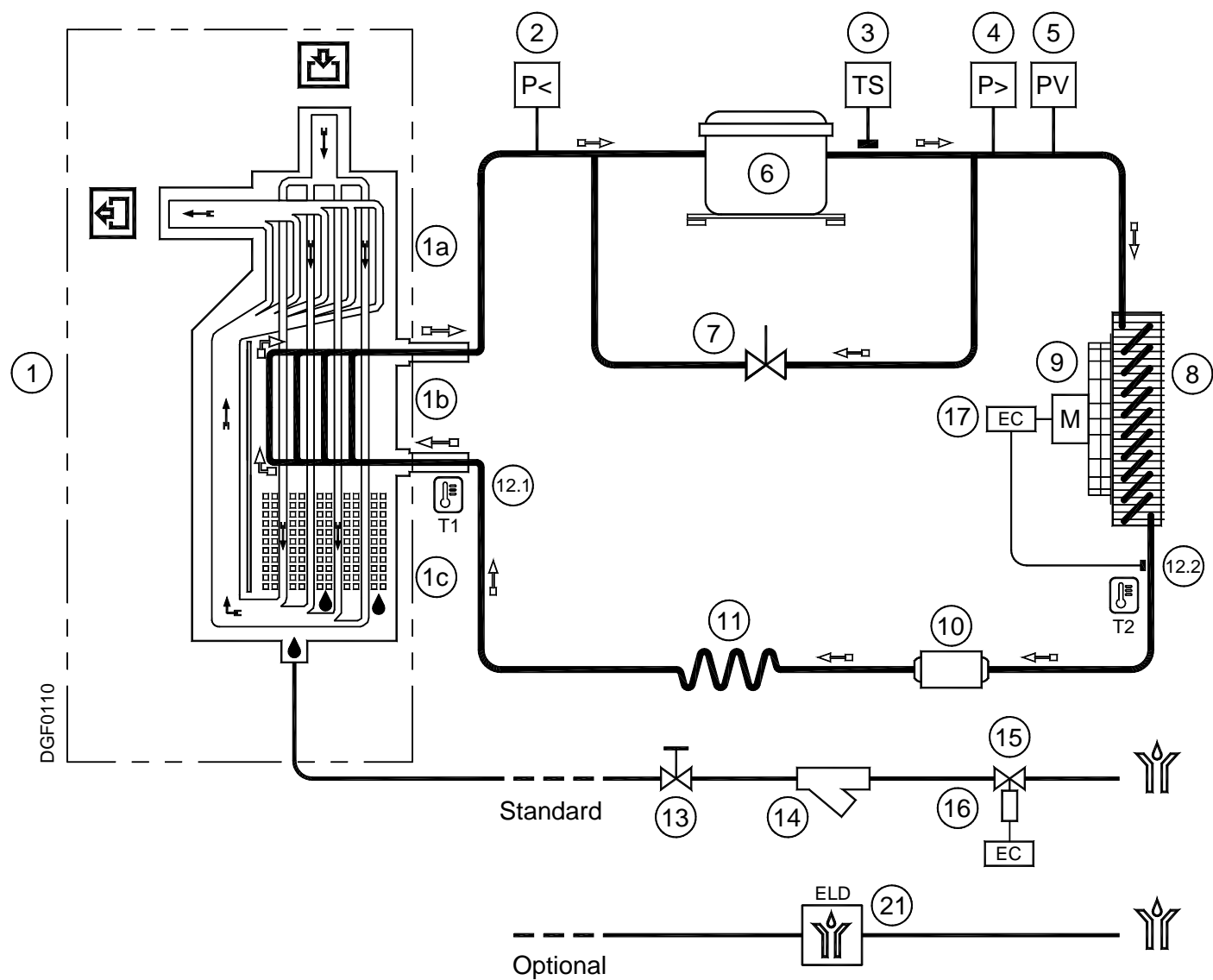
- 1 ON-OFF Switch
- 2 Electronic instrument
- 3 Air and refrigerant flow diagram

7.2 Operation

Operating principle - The dryer models described in this manual operate all on the same principle. The hot moisture laden air enters an air to air heat exchanger. The air then goes through the evaporator, also known as the air to refrigerant heat exchanger. The temperature of the air is reduced to approximately 36°F (2°C), causing water vapor to condense to liquid. The liquid is continuously coalesced and collected in the separator for removal by the condensate drain. The cool moisture free air then passes back through the air to air heat exchanger to be reheated to within 8 degrees of the incoming air temperature as it exits the dryer.

Refrigerant circuit - Refrigerant gas is cycled through the compressor and exits at high pressure to a condenser where heat is removed causing the refrigerant to condense to a high-pressure liquid state. The liquid is forced through a capillary tube where the resulting pressure drop allows the refrigerant to boil off at a predetermined temperature. Low-pressure liquid refrigerant enters the heat exchanger where heat from the incoming air is transferred causing the refrigerant to boil; the resulting phase change produces a low pressure, low temperature gas. The low-pressure gas is returned to the compressor, where it is re-compressed and begins the cycle again. During those periods when the compressed air load is reduced the excess refrigerant is by-passed automatically back to the compressor via the hot gas by-pass valve circuit.

7.3 Flow diagram



- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 Alu-Dry module | 9 Condenser fan |
| 1a Air-to-air heat exchanger | 10 Filter dryer |
| 1b Air-to-refrigerant heat exchanger | 11 Capillary tube |
| 1c Condensate separator | 12.1 Temperature probe T1 – DewPoint |
| 2 Refrigerant pressure switch LPS (EGRD 500) | 12.2 Temperature probe T2 - Fan control (EGRD 010-100) |
| 3 Safety thermo switch TS (EGRD 250-500) | 13 Condensate drain service valve |
| 4 Refrigerant pressure switch HPS (EGRD 300-500) | 14 Condensate drain strainer |
| 5 Refrigerant pressure switch PV (EGRD 150-500) | 15 Condensate drain solenoid valve |
| 6 Compressor | 16 Coil for condensate drain solenoid valve |
| 7 Hot gas by-pass valve | 17 Electronic instrument |
| 8 Condenser | 21 Electronic drainer (not provided) |

→ Compressed air flow direction

- - - → Refrigerant gas flow direction

7.4 Refrigerating compressor

The refrigerating compressor is the pump in the system, gas coming from the evaporator (low pressure side) is compressed up to the condensation pressure (high pressure side). The compressors utilized are manufactured by leading manufacturers and are designed for applications where high compression ratios and wide temperature changes are present.

The hermetically sealed construction is perfectly gas tight, ensuring high-energy efficiency and long, useful life. Dumping springs support the pumping unit in order to reduce the acoustic emission and the vibration diffusion. The aspirated refrigerant gas, flowing through the coils before reaching the compression cylinders cools the electric motor. The thermal protection protects the compressor from over heating and over currents. The protection is automatically restored as soon as the nominal temperature conditions are reached.

7.5 Condenser

The condenser is the component in which the gas coming from the compressor is cooled down and condensed becoming a liquid. Mechanically, a serpentine copper tubing circuit (with the gas flowing inside) is encapsulated in an aluminum fin package.

The cooling operation occurs via a high efficiency fan, creating airflow within the dryer, moving air through the fin package. It's mandatory that the ambient air temperature does not exceed the nominal values. It is also important to keep the condenser unit free from dust and other impurities.

7.6 Filter dryer

Traces of humidity and slag can accumulate inside the refrigerant circuit. Long periods of use can also produce sludge. This can limit the lubrication efficiency of the compressor and clog the expansion valve or capillary tube. The function of the filter drier, located before the capillary tubing, is to eliminate any impurities from circulating through the system.

7.7 Capillary tube

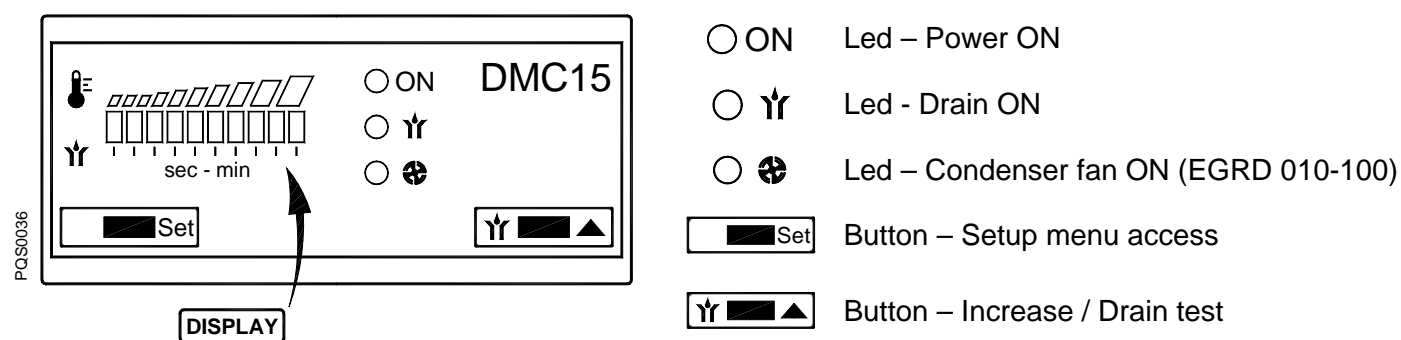
It consists of a piece of reduced cross section copper tubing located between the condenser and the evaporator, acting as a metering device to reduce the pressure of the refrigerant. Reduction of pressure is a design function to achieve optimum temperature reached within the evaporator: the smaller the capillary tube outlet pressure, the lower the evaporation temperature.

The length and interior diameter of the capillary tubing is accurately sized to establish the performance of the dryer; no maintenance or adjustment is necessary.

7.8 Alu-Dry module

The heat exchanger module houses the air-to-air, the air-to-refrigerant heat exchangers and the demister type condensate separator. The counter flow of compressed air in the air-to-air heat exchanger ensures maximum heat transfer. The generous cross section of flow channel within the heat exchanger module leads to low velocities and reduced power requirements. The generous dimensions of the air-to-refrigerant heat exchanger plus the counter flow gas flow allows full and complete evaporation of the refrigerant (preventing liquid return to the compressor). The high efficiency condensate separator is located within the heat exchanger module. No maintenance is required and the coalescing effect results in a high degree of moisture separation.

7.12 Electronic instrument DMC15



The DMC15 displays DewPoint temperature, controls the condenser fan activation and the timed drainer.

7.12.1 How to switch on the dryer

Power the dryer and switch it on using the ON-OFF switch (pos.1 paragraph 7.1).

During normal operation led ○ ON is ON and the display shows the DewPoint temperature by means of two coloured areas (green and red) above a 10 Led display :

- Green area - operating conditions ensuring an optimal DewPoint;
- Red area - DewPoint too high, the dryer is operating with high thermal load (high inlet air temperature, high ambient temperature, etc.). Compressed air treatment may be improper.

Led ○ Y shows that condensate drain solenoid valve is ON.

Led ○ shows that condenser fan is ON (EGRD 010-100).

The condensate drain test is always active using the button .

7.12.2 How to switch off the dryer

Switch it off using the ON-OFF switch (pos. 1 paragraph 7.1).

7.12.3 How a service warning / alarm is displayed



A service warning / alarm is an unusual event that must recall the attention of the operators / maintenance technicians. It does not stop the dryer.

Service warnings / alarms are automatically reset as soon as the problem is solved.



NOTE: the operator / maintenance technician must inspect the dryer and verify / solve the problem that generated the service warning.


Service Warning / Alarm	Description
Display 1st (left) and 10th (right) led are flashing	Failure T1 (DewPoint) temperature probe.
Led ○ is flashing	(EGRD 010-100) Failure T2 (fan control) temperature probe. NOTE : fan is forced always ON.
Display 10th (right) led is flashing	DewPoint too high
Display 1st (left) led is flashing	DewPoint too low (lower than -1°C / 30°F).

7.12.4 How is controlled the condenser fan (EGRD 010-100)

A temperature probe T2 is located on the discharge side of the condenser. The condenser fan is activated (ON) when the T2 temperature is higher than FANon setting (standard 35°C / 96°F) and led   is ON. Condenser fan stops at T2 temperatures 5°C / 10°F lower than FANon setting (standard 30°C / 86°F).

7.12.5 How is controlled the drain solenoid valve

Drain solenoid valve is activated (ON) for Ton seconds (standard 2 seconds) every Toff minutes (standard 1 minute). Led   shows that condensate drain solenoid valve is ON.

The condensate drain test is always active using the button .

7.12.6 How to change the operating parameters – SETUP menu





The setup menu can be used to change the dryer's operating parameters.










Only qualified personnel must be allowed to access to the setup menu. The manufacturer is not responsible for malfunctioning or failure due to modification to the operating parameters.

With dryer ON press button  for at least 3 seconds to enter the setup menu.

Access to the menu is confirmed by led  ON and  flashing (first parameter of menu).

Keep  pressed and use arrows  to change the value. Release the button  to confirm the value. Press shortly  to skip to following parameter.

Press  to exit setup menu (if no button is pressed after 2 minutes the menu is exited automatically).

Display	Description	Limits	Resolution	Standard setup
Synchronous flashing led  ON + led 	(EGRD 010-100) FANon : condenser fan activation (ON) temperature	31 ... 40 °C or 88 ... 104 °F	1 °C or 2 °F	35 or 96
Synchronous flashing led  ON + led 	Ton – drain time ON : time ON condensate drain valve	1 ... 10 sec	1 sec	2
Non-Synchronous flashing led  ON + led 	ToF - drain time OFF : pause time for condensate drain valve	1 ... 20 min	1 min	1

NOTE : parameter values are displayed on the 10 led display where 1st (left) led is the lowest limit and 10th (right) is the highest limit.

8 Maintenance, troubleshooting, spare parts and dismantling

8.1 Checks and maintenance



Only qualified personnel should perform troubleshooting and or maintenance operations.

Prior to performing any maintenance or service, be sure that :



- no part of the machine is powered and that it cannot be connected to the mains supply.
- no part of the machine is under pressure and that it cannot be connected to the compressed air system.
- maintenance personnel have read and understand the safety and operation instructions in this manual.



Before attempting any maintenance operation on the dryer, shut it down and wait at least 30 minutes. Some components can reach high temperature during operation. Avoid contact until system or component has dissipated heat.

Daily



- Verify that the DewPoint displayed on the electronic instrument is correct.
- Check the proper operation of the condensate drain systems.
- Verify the condenser for cleanliness.

Every 200 hours or monthly



- With an air jet (max. 2 bar / 30 psig) blowing from inside towards outside clean the condenser; repeat this operation blowing in the opposite way; be careful not to damage the aluminum fins of the cooling package.



- Close the manual condensate drain valve, unscrew the strainer (if installed) and clean it with compressed air and brush. Reinstall the strainer properly tight, and then open the manual valve.
- At the end, check the operation of the machine

Every 1000 hours or yearly



- Verify for tightness all the screws of the electric system and that all the “Disconnects-Tabs” type connections are in their proper position inspect unit for broken, cracked or bare wires.
- Inspect refrigerating circuit for signs of oil and refrigerant leakage.
- Measure and record amperage. Verify that readings are within acceptable parameters as listed in specification table.
- Inspect flexible hoses, and replace if necessary.
- At the end, check the operation of the machine.

8.2 Troubleshooting



Only qualified personnel should perform troubleshooting and or maintenance operations.


Prior to performing any maintenance or service, be sure that :


- no part of the machine is powered and that it cannot be connected to the mains supply.
- no part of the machine is under pressure and that it cannot be connected to the compressed air system.
- maintenance personnel have read and understand the safety and operation instructions in this manual.



Before attempting any maintenance operation on the dryer, shut it down and wait at least 30 minutes. Some components can reach high temperature during operation. Avoid contact until system or component has dissipated heat.

SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE CAUSE - SUGGESTED ACTION
◆ The dryer doesn't start.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⇒ Verify that the system is powered. ⇒ Verify the electric wiring.
◆ The compressor doesn't work.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⇒ Activation of the compressor internal thermal protection - wait for 30 minutes, then retry. ⇒ Verify the electric wiring. ⇒ If installed - Replace the internal thermal protection and/or the start-up relay and/or the start-up capacitor and/or the working capacitor. ⇒ If installed - The pressure switch HPS has been activated - see specific point. ⇒ If installed - The pressure switch LPS has been activated - see specific point. ⇒ If installed - The safety thermo switch TS has been activated - see specific point ⇒ If the compressor still doesn't work, replace it.
◆ Condenser's fan doesn't work.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⇒ Verify the electric wiring. ⇒ EGRD 010-100 - The DMC15 electronic instrument is faulty – replace it. ⇒ EGRD 150-500 - PV pressure switch is faulty – replace it ⇒ There is a leak in the refrigerant circuit - contact a refrigeration engineer. ⇒ If the fan still doesn't work, replace it.
◆ DewPoint too high.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⇒ The dryer doesn't start - see specific point. ⇒ The DewPoint probe T1 doesn't correctly detect the temperature - ensure the sensor is pushed into the bottom of probe well. ⇒ The Compressor doesn't work - see specific point. ⇒ The ambient temperature is too high or the room aeration is insufficient - provide proper ventilation. ⇒ The inlet air is too hot - restore nominal conditions. ⇒ The inlet air pressure is too low - restore nominal conditions. ⇒ The inlet air flow rate is higher than the rate of the dryer - reduce the flow rate - restore nominal conditions. ⇒ The condenser is dirty - clean it. ⇒ The condenser fan doesn't work - see specific point. ⇒ The dryer doesn't drain the condensate - see specific point. ⇒ The hot gas by-pass valve is out of setting - contact a refrigeration engineer to restore nominal setting. ⇒ There is a leak in the refrigerant circuit - contact a refrigeration engineer.

SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE CAUSE - SUGGESTED ACTION
◆ Dew Point too low	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⇒ EGRD 010-100 - The fan is always ON - the  yellow LED of DMC15 electronic instrument is flashing - see specific point. ⇒ EGRD 150-500 - The fan is always on – PV pressure switch is faulty – replace it. ⇒ Ambient temperature is too low - restore nominal conditions. ⇒ The hot gas by-pass valve is out of setting - contact a refrigeration engineer to restore nominal setting.
◆ Excessive pressure drop within the dryer.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⇒ The dryer doesn't drain the condensate - see specific point. ⇒ The DewPoint is too low - the condensate is frost and blocks the air - see specific point. ⇒ Check for throttling the flexible connection hoses.
◆ The dryer doesn't drain the condensate	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⇒ The condensate drain service valve is closed - open it. ⇒ Condensate strainer is clogged – remove and clean it. ⇒ The drain solenoid valve is jammed – remove and clean it. ⇒ Verify the electric wiring. ⇒ The coil of the drain solenoid valve is failed – replace it. ⇒ Electronic instrument is faulty – replace it. ⇒ The DewPoint is too low - the condensate is frost and blocks the air - see specific point. ⇒ Inlet compressed air pressure is too low and condensate is not drained – restore nominal conditions.
◆ The dryer continuously drains condensate.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⇒ The drain solenoid valve is jammed – remove and clean it. ⇒ Try to remove the electric connector on the solenoid valve - if drain stops verify the electric wiring or the electronic instrument is faulty - replace it
◆ Water within the line.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⇒ The dryer doesn't start - see specific point. ⇒ If installed - Untreated air flows through the by-pass unit - close the by-pass. ⇒ The dryer doesn't drain the condensate - see specific point. ⇒ DewPoint too high - see specific point.
◆ If installed – HPS high pressure switch has been activated.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⇒ Check which of the following has caused the activation : <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The ambient temperature is too high or the room aeration is insufficient - provide proper ventilation. 2. The condenser is dirty - clean it. 3. The condenser fan doesn't work - see specific point. ⇒ Reset the pressure switch pressing the button on the controller itself - verify the dryer for correct operation. ⇒ HPS pressure switch is faulty - contact a refrigeration engineer to replace it.
◆ If installed – LPS low pressure switch has been activated.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⇒ There is a leak in the refrigerating fluid circuit - contact a refrigeration engineer. ⇒ The pressure switch reset automatically when normal conditions are restored - check the proper operation of the dryer.

SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE CAUSE - SUGGESTED ACTION
<p>◆ If installed – TS safety thermo switch has been activated.</p>	<p>⇒ Check which of the following has caused the activation :</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Excessive thermal load – restore the standard operating conditions. 2. The inlet air is too hot - restore the nominal conditions. 3. The ambient temperature is too high or the room aeration is insufficient - provide proper ventilation. 4. The condenser unit is dirty - clean it. 5. The fan doesn't work - see specific point. 6. The hot gas by-pass valve requires re-adjusting – contact a specialized technician to restore nominal setting. 7. Refrigerant gas leak - contact a refrigeration engineer. <p>⇒ Reset the thermo switch by pressing the button on the thermo switch itself – verify the correct operation of the dryer.</p> <p>⇒ TS thermo switch is faulty - replace it.</p>
<p>◆ Electronic instrument DMC15</p> <p>The first and the last led of display are flashing synchronous.</p>	<p>⇒ Verify the electric wiring of T1 DewPoint probe.</p> <p>⇒ The T1 DewPoint probe is faulty - replace it.</p> <p>⇒ The electronic instrument is faulty - replace it.</p>
<p>◆ Electronic instrument DMC15</p> <p>The  yellow led is flashing</p>	<p>⇒ EGRD 010-100 - Verify the electric wiring of T2 fan control probe.</p> <p>⇒ EGRD 010-100 - The T2 fan control probe is faulty - replace it.</p> <p>⇒ EGRD 150-500 - Verify the electric wiring of resistance on terminal 1 and 2</p> <p>⇒ The electronic instrument is faulty - replace it.</p>
<p>◆ Electronic instrument DMC15</p> <p>The first led of the display is flashing</p>	<p>⇒ DewPoint too low - see specific point.</p> <p>⇒ The T1 DewPoint probe is faulty - replace it.</p> <p>⇒ The electronic instrument is faulty - replace it.</p>
<p>◆ Electronic instrument DMC15</p> <p>The last led of the display is flashing</p>	<p>⇒ DewPoint too high - see specific point.</p> <p>⇒ The T1 DewPoint probe is faulty - replace it.</p> <p>⇒ The electronic instrument is faulty - replace it.</p>

8.3 Spare parts

The suggested spare parts list will enable you to promptly intervene in case of abnormal operation, so avoiding to wait for the spares delivery. In case of failure of other parts, for example inside the refrigerating circuit, the replacement must be worked out by a refrigerating systems specialist or in our factory.

NOTE: To order the suggested spare parts or any other part, it's necessary to quote the data reported on the identification plate.

ID N.		DESCRIPTION	ELGI PART NUMBER	EGRD 1/115/60											
				10	15	20	30	40	50	80	100	150	175	200	
5	PV	Pressure switch	B000506530384									1	1	1	
6	MC	Compressor	B000506530072	1	1	1									
			B000506530073				1	1							
			B000506530074						1						
			B000506530075							1					
			B000506530076								1				
			B000506530077									1	1	1	
7		Hot gas by-pass valve	B000506530078	1	1	1	1	1	1	1					
9.1	MV	Fan motor	B000506530385									1	1	1	
			B000506530085	1	1	1	1								
			B000506530086					1	1	1					
			B000506530087								1				
			B000506530386										1	1	1
9.2		Fan blade	B000506530089	1	1	1	1								
			B000506530090					1	1	1					
			B000506530091								1				
			B000506530092									1			
			B000506530093											1	1
9.3		Fan grid	B000506530094					1	1	1	1				
			B000506530387									1			
			B000506530388										1	1	
10		Filter drier	B000506530096	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1				
			B000506530097									1	1	1	
12	BT	Temperature probe	B000506530100	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	
13-14		Condensate drain valve/strainer	B000506530101	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
14		Y strainer	B000506530169											1	
15	EVD	Condensate drain solenoid valve	B000506530389	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1				
			B000506530390									1	1	1	
16		Coil for condensate drain solenoid valve	B000506530391	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
17	DMC15	Electronic instrument	B000506530106	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
22	S1	Lighted switch	B000506530392	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	

ID N.		DESCRIPTION	ELGI PART NUMBER	EGRD 1/230/60						
				150	175	200	250	300	400	500
2	LPS	Pressure switch	B000506530142							1
3	TS	Safety thermo switch	B000506530143				1	1	1	1
4	HPS	Pressure switch	B000506530144					1	1	1
5	PV	Pressure switch	B000506530384	1	1	1	1			
			B000506530071					1	1	1
6	MC	Compressor	B000506530393	1	1	1	1			
			B000506530394					1		
			B000506530155						1	1
7		Hot gas by-pass valve	B000506530385	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
9	MV	Complete fan	B000506530395					1	1	1
9.1	MV	Fan motor	B000506530195	1	1	1				
			5210115016				1			
9.2		Fan blade	B000506530092	1						
			B000506530093		1	1				
			5215000032				1			
9.3		Fan grid	B000506530094	1						
			B000506530095		1	1	1			
10		Filter drier	B000506530097	1	1	1				
			B000506530098				1	1	1	1
12	BT	Temperature probe	B000506530100	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
13-14		Condensate drain valve/strainer	B000506530101	1	1					
14		Y strainer	B000506530169			1	1	1	1	1
15	EVD	Condensate drain solenoid valve	B000506530390	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
16		Coil for condensate drain solenoid valve	B000506530396	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
17	DMC15	Electronic instrument	B000506530174	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
22	S1	Lighted switch	B000506530392	1	1	1				
	QS	Main switch	B000506530397				1	1	1	1

8.4 Maintenance operation on the refrigeration circuit



Maintenance and service on refrigerating systems must be carried out only by certified refrigerating engineers only, according to local rules.

All the refrigerant of the system must be recovered for its recycling, reclamation or destruction.

Do not dispose the refrigerant fluid in the environment.

This dryer comes ready to operate and filled with R134a or R407C type refrigerant fluid.



In case of refrigerant leak contact a certified refrigerating engineer. Room is to be aired before any intervention.

If is required to re-fill the refrigerating circuit, contact a certified refrigerating engineers.

Refer to the dryer nameplate for refrigerant type and quantity.

Characteristics of refrigerants used:

Refrigerant	Chemical formula	TLV	GWP
R134a - HFC	CH ₂ FCF ₃	1000 ppm	1300
R407C - HFC	R32/125/134a (23/25/52) CHF ₂ CF ₃ /CH ₂ F ₂ /CH ₂ FCF ₃	1000 ppm	1653

8.5 Dismantling of the dryer

If the dryer is to be dismantled, it has to be split into homogeneous groups of materials.



Part	Material
Refrigerant fluid	R407C, R134a, Oil
Canopy and Supports	Carbon steel, Epoxy paint
Refrigerating compressor	Steel, Copper, Aluminium, Oil
Alu-Dry Module	Aluminium
Condenser Unit	Aluminium, Copper, Carbon steel
Pipe	Copper
Fan	Aluminium, Copper, Steel
Valve	Brass, Steel
Electronic Level Drain	PVC, Aluminium, Steel
Insulation Material	Synthetic rubber without CFC, Polystyrene, Polyurethane
Electric cable	Copper, PVC
Electric Parts	PVC, Copper, Brass



We recommend to comply with the safety rules in force for the disposal of each type of material.

Refrigerant contains droplets of lubrication oil released by the refrigerating compressor.

Do not dispose this fluid in the environment. It has to be discharged from the dryer with a suitable device and then delivered to a collection centre where it will be processed to make it reusable.

9 Attachments

Exploded views – List of components

1	Alu-Dry module	15	Condensate drain solenoid valve
1.1	Insulation material	16	Coil for condensate drain solenoid valve
2	Refrigerant pressure switch LPS	17	Electronic instrument
3	Safety thermo switch TS	21	Electronic drainer (optional)
4	Refrigerant pressure switch HPS	22	Main switch
5	Refrigerant pressure switch PV	51	Front panel
6	Compressor	52	Back panel
7	Hot-gas bypass valve	53	Right lateral panel
8	Condenser	54	Left lateral panel
9	Condenser fan	55	Cover
9.1	Motor	56	Base plate
9.2	Blade	57	Upper plate
9.3	Grid	58	Support beam
10	Filter dryer	59	Support bracket
11	Capillary tube	60	Control panel
12	Temperature probe	61	Electric connecting plug
13	Condensate drain service valve	62	Electric box
14	Condensate drain strainer	81	Flow diagram sticker

Electric diagrams – List of components

MC1	Compressor	BT1-2	Temperature probes
KT	Compressor thermal protection	LPS	Low pressure switch
KR	Compressor starting relay	HPS	High pressure switch
CS	Compressor starting capacitor	PV	Pressure switch – fan control
CR	Compressor operating capacitor	TS	Safety thermo switch
MV1	Condenser fan	EVD	Timed condensate drain solenoid valve
KV	Fan thermal protection	ELD	Electronic drainer (not provided)
CV	Fan starting capacitor	S1	ON-OFF switch
DMC15	Electronic instrument	BOX	Electrical box

NT4 Provided and wired by customer

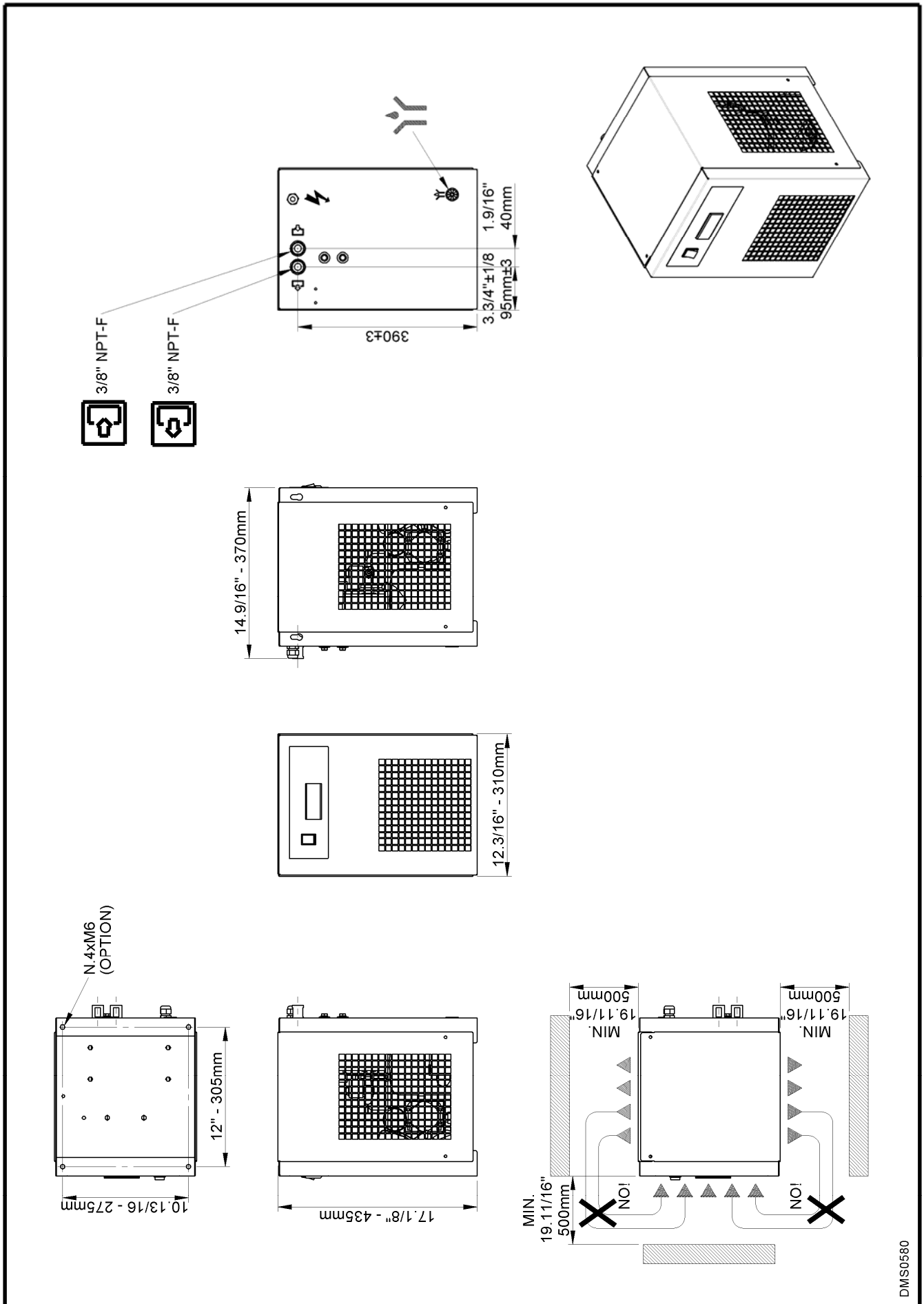
NT5 Limit of equipment

BN Brown
BU Blue
BK Black
YG Yellow / Green

OR Orange
RD Red
WH White
WH/BK White / Black

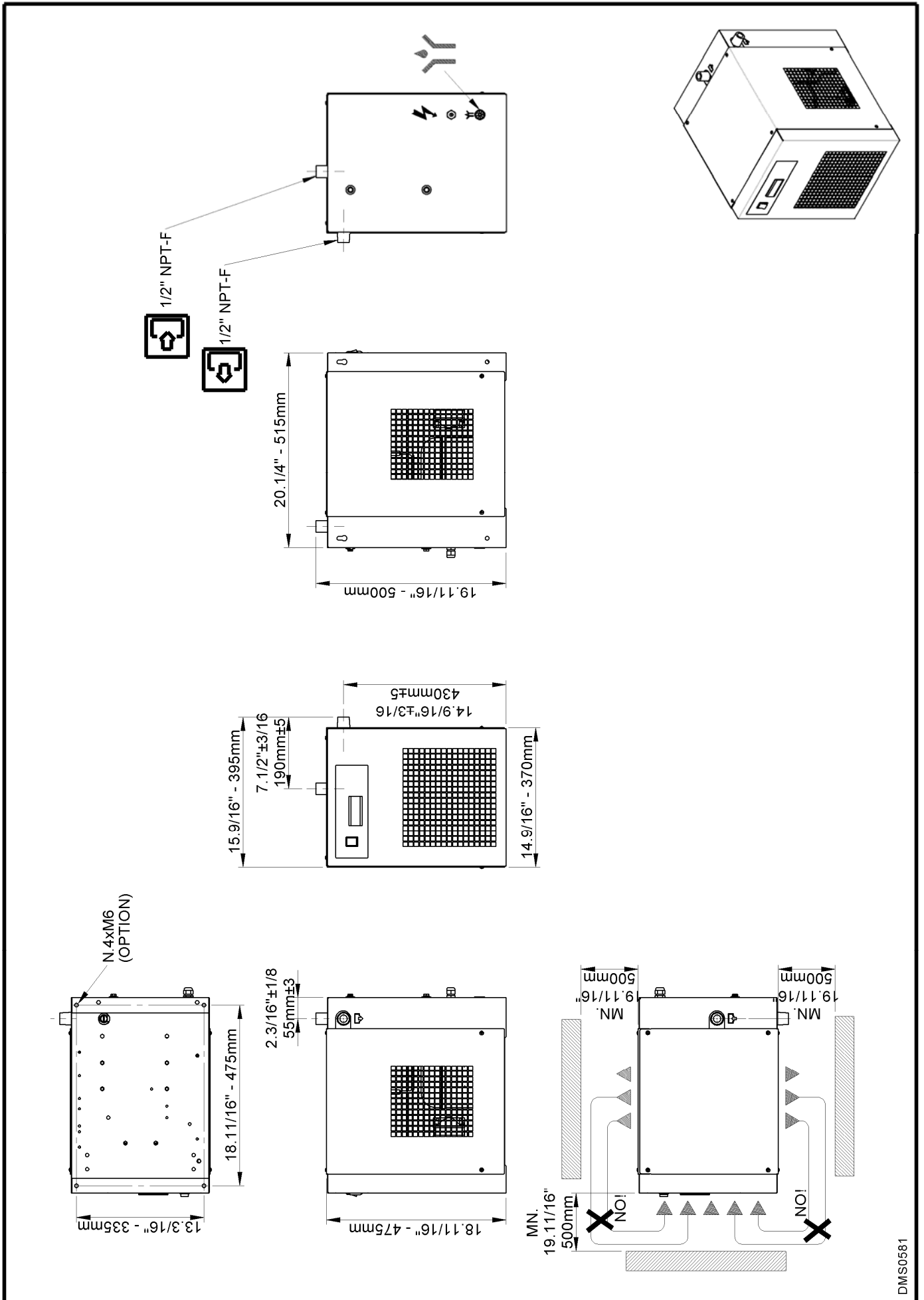
9.1 Dryers dimensions

9.1.1 EGRD 010 - 015



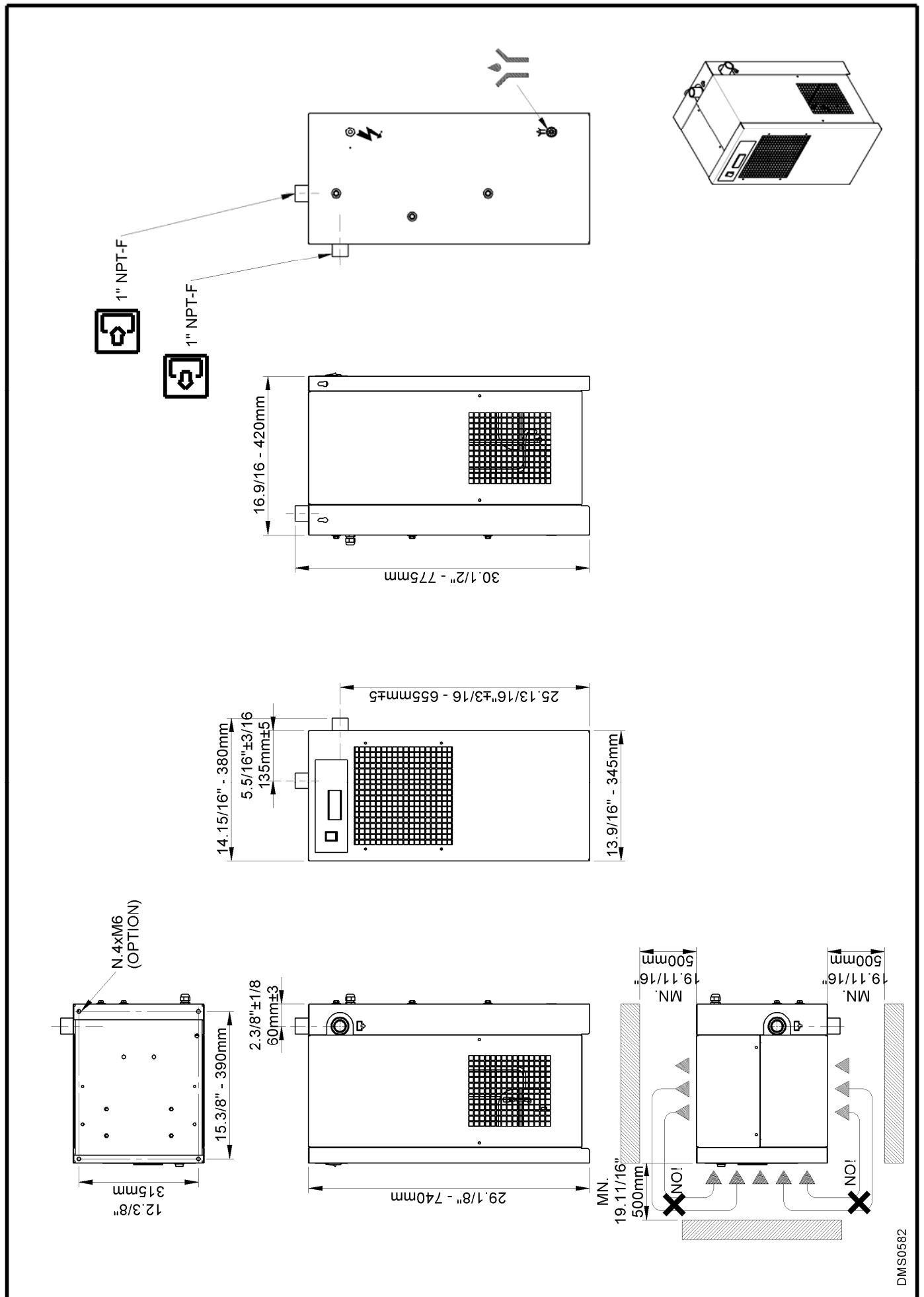
DMS0580

9.1.2 EGRD 020 – 050

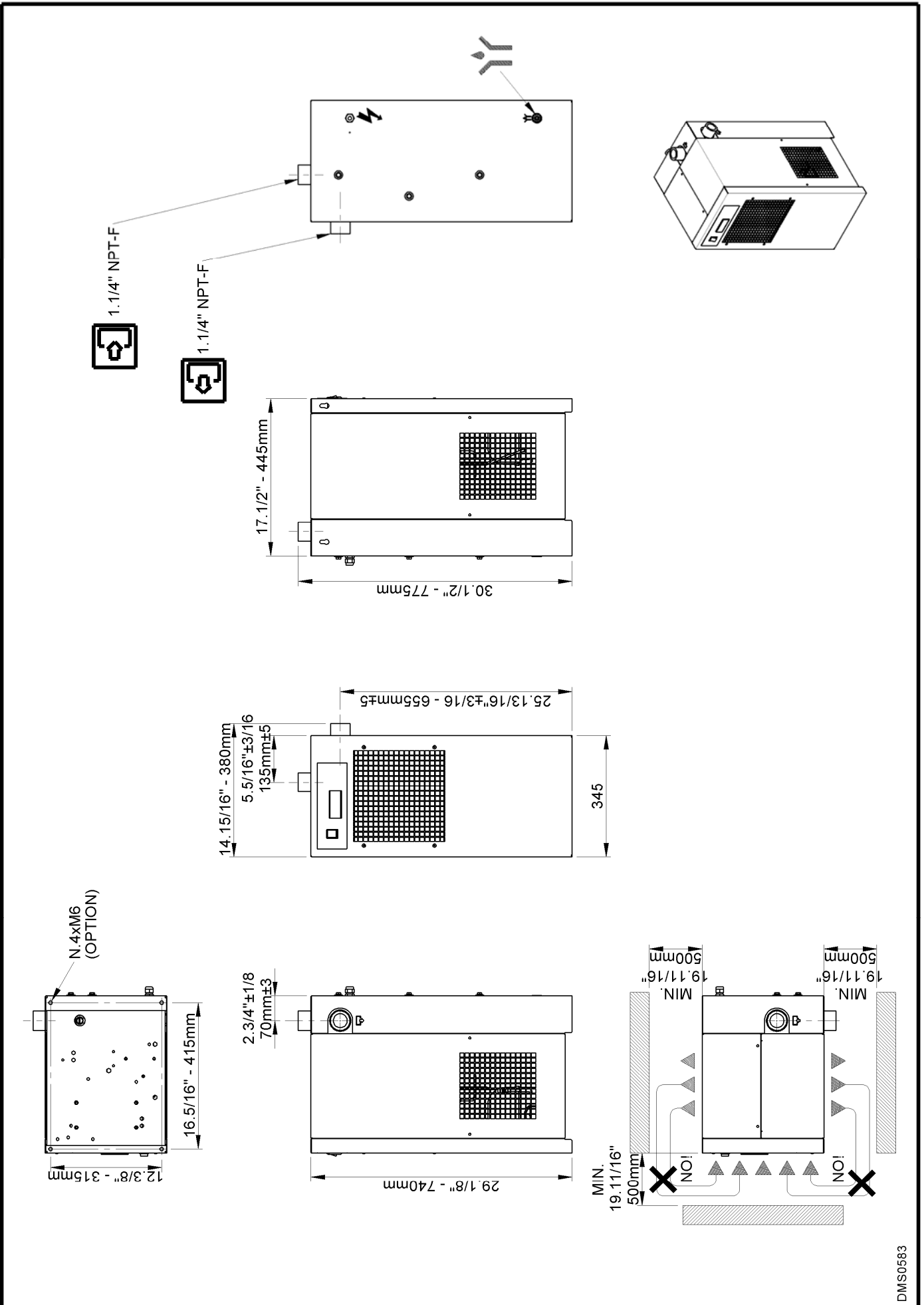


DMS0581

9.1.3 EGRD 080

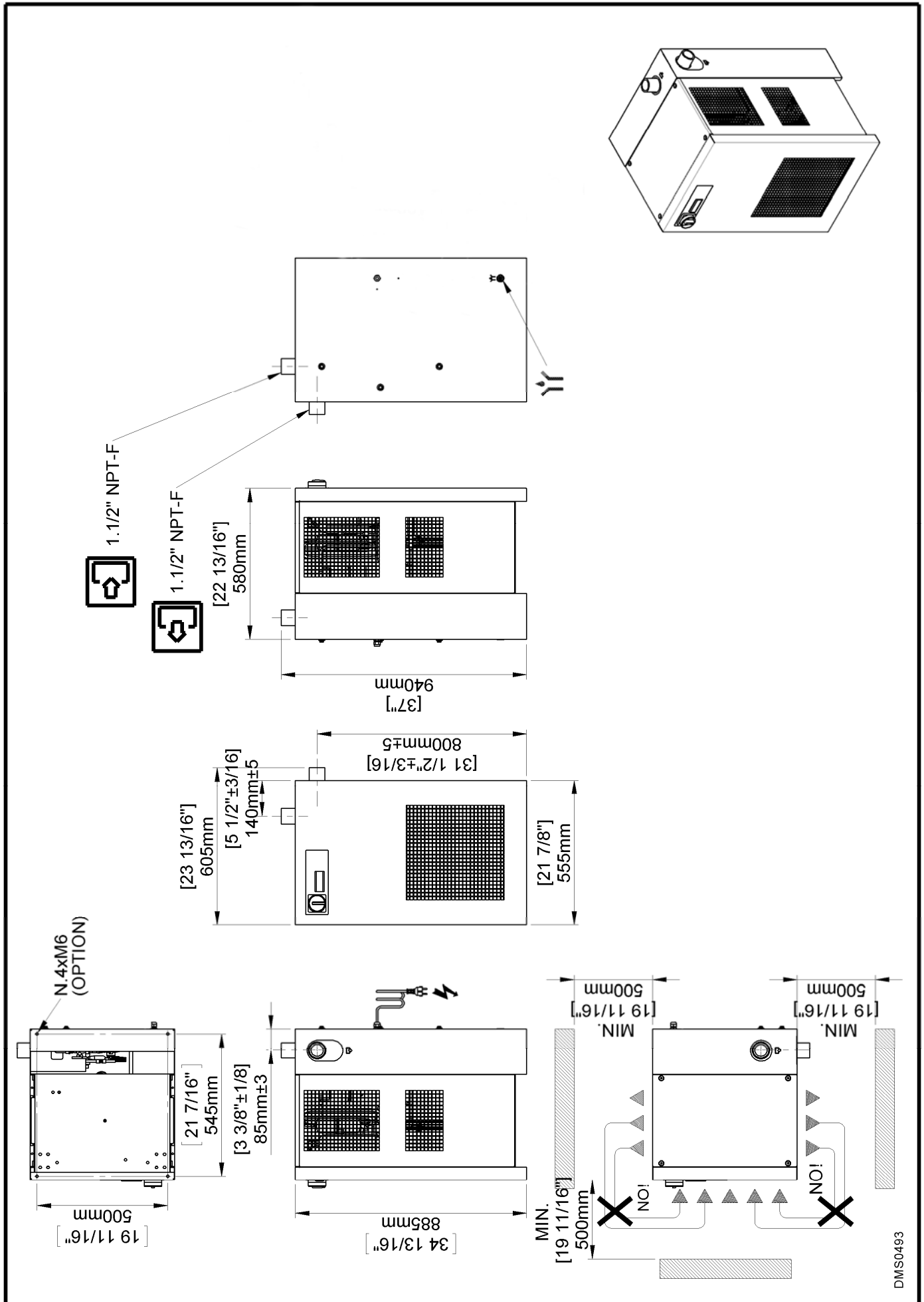


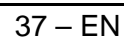
9.1.4 EGRD 100 – 150

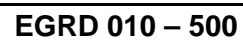




9.1.6 EGRD 200 - 250

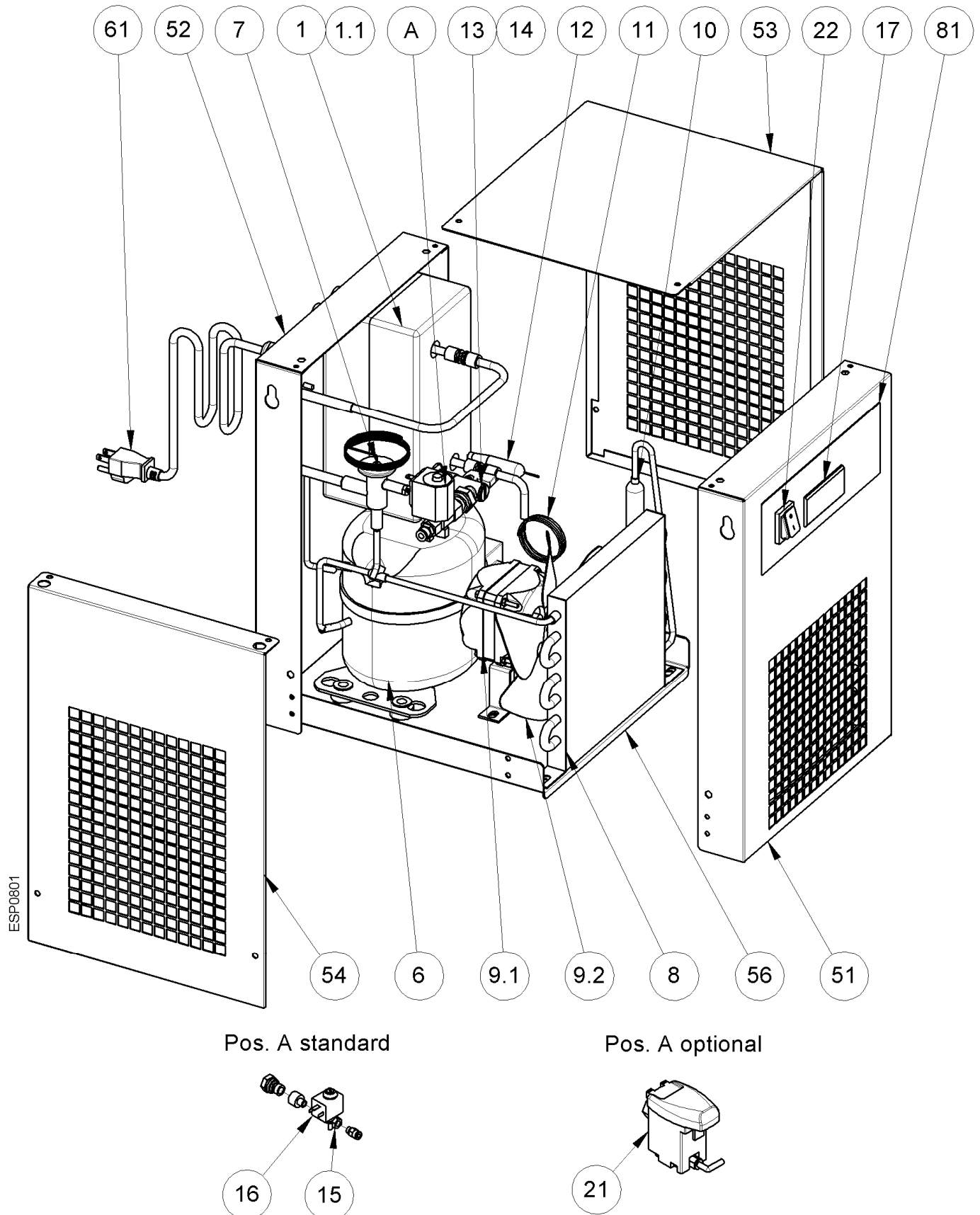




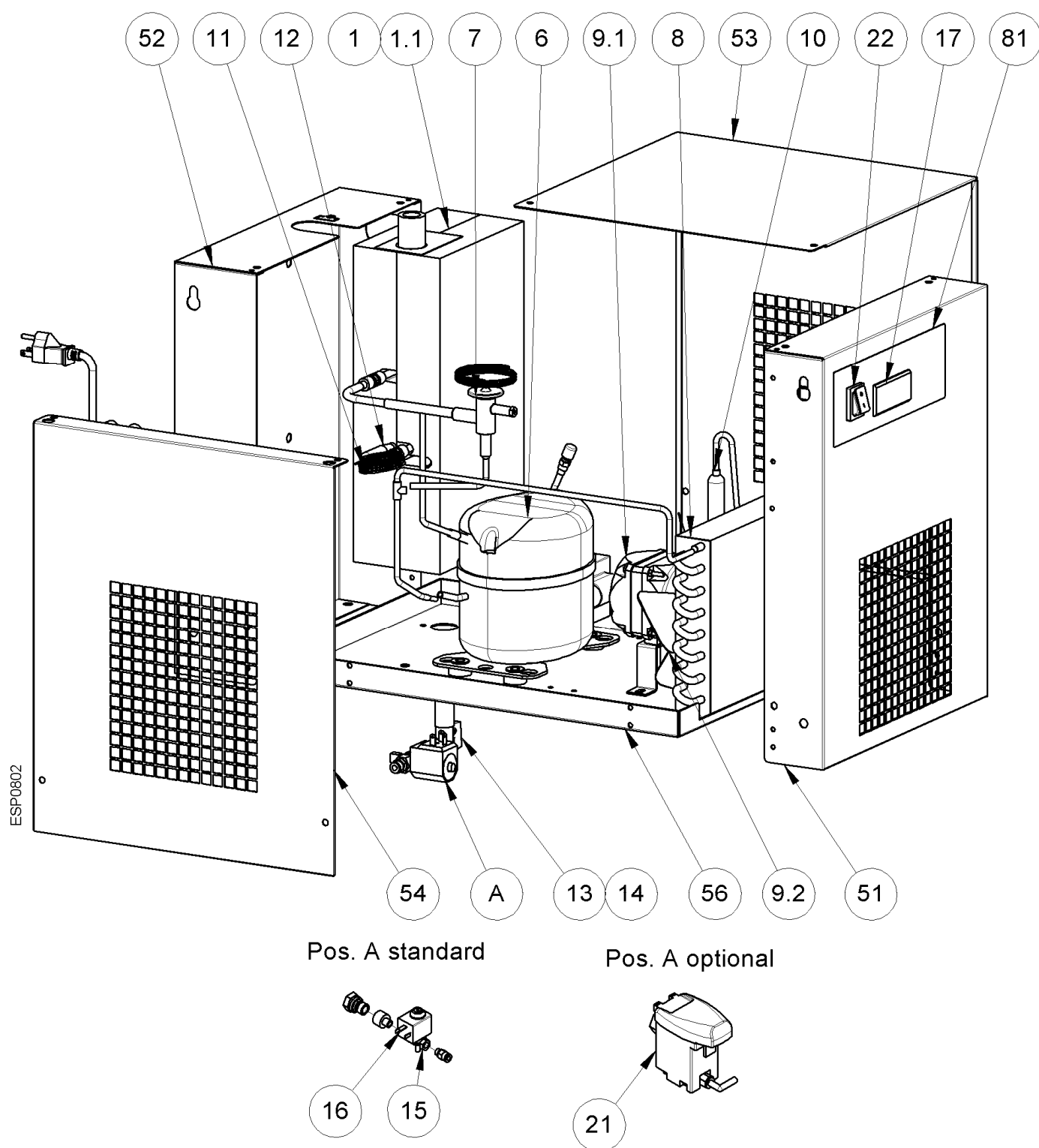


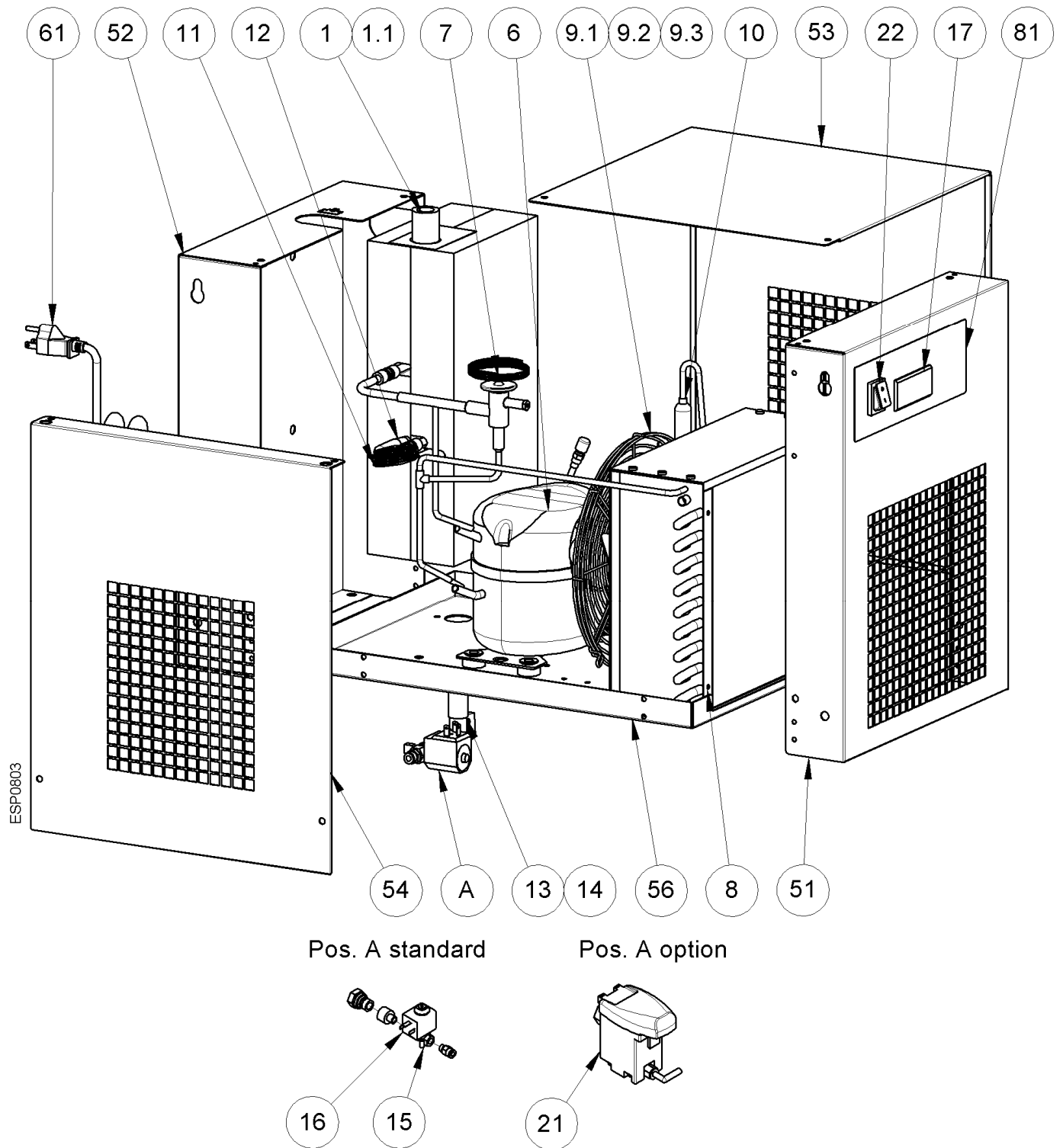
9.2 Exploded views

9.2.1 EGRD 010 - 015 1/115/60

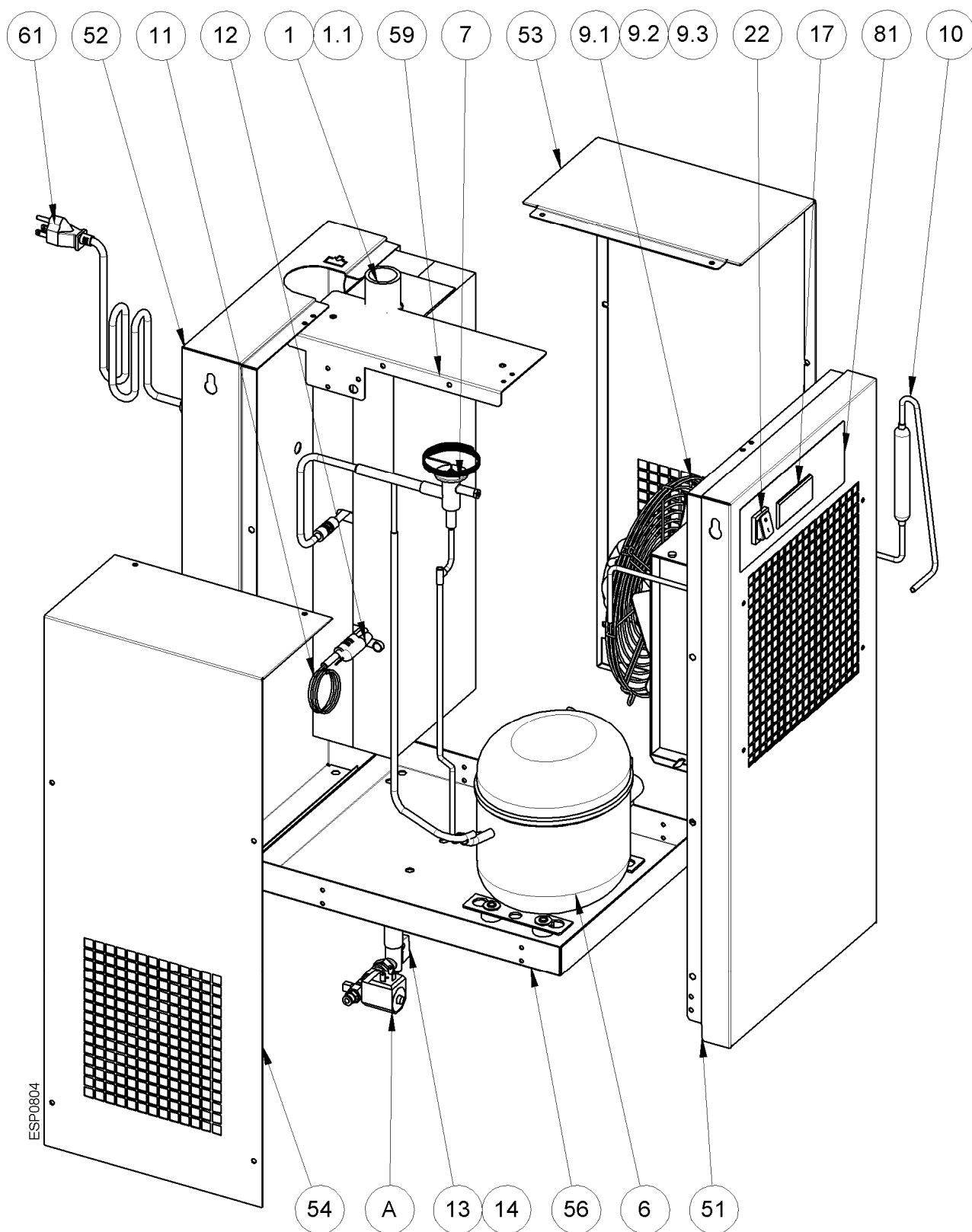


9.2.2 EGRD 020 – 030 1/115/60



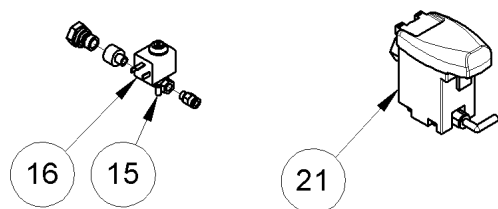


9.2.4 EGRD 080 – 100 1/115/60

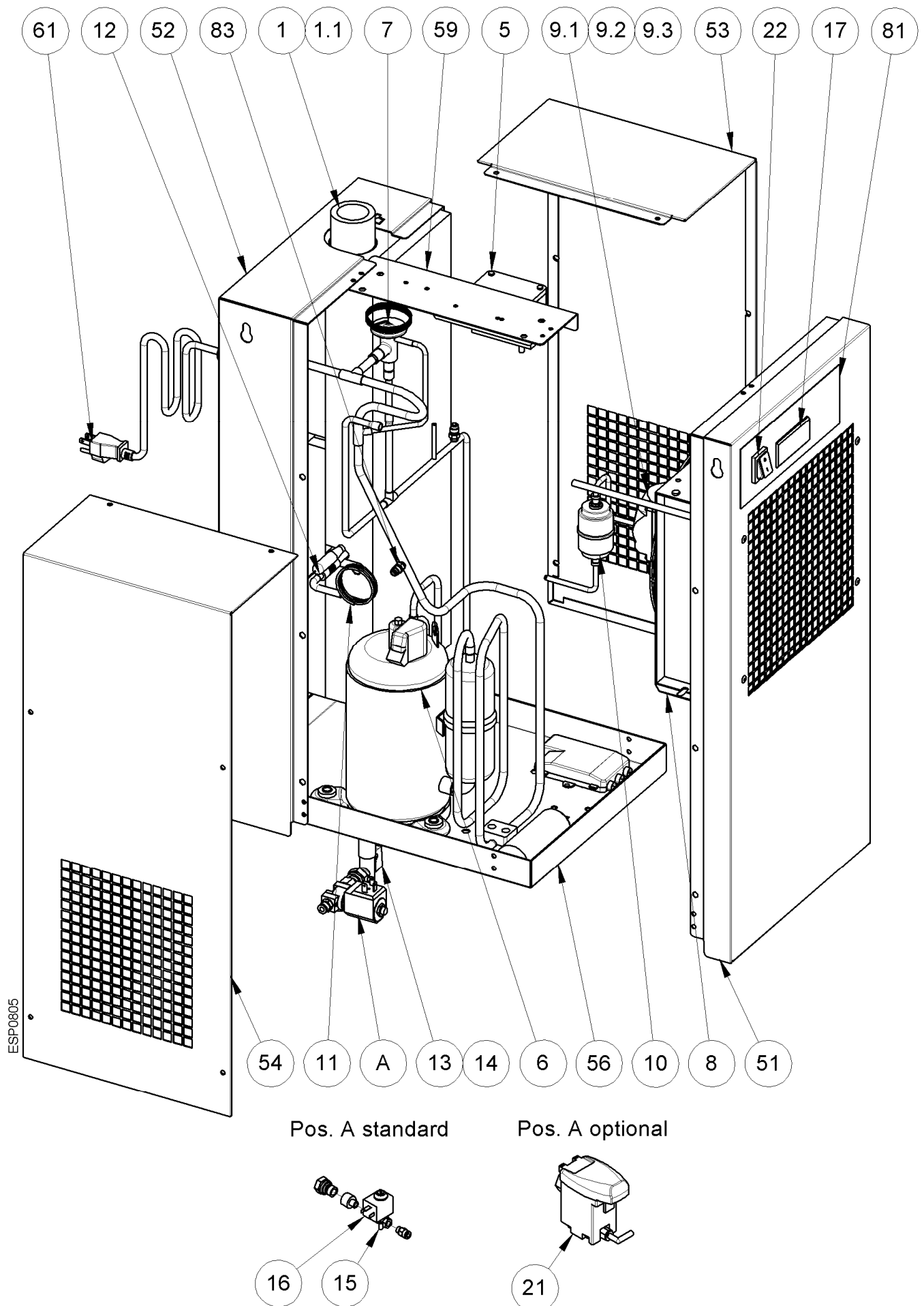


Pos. A standard

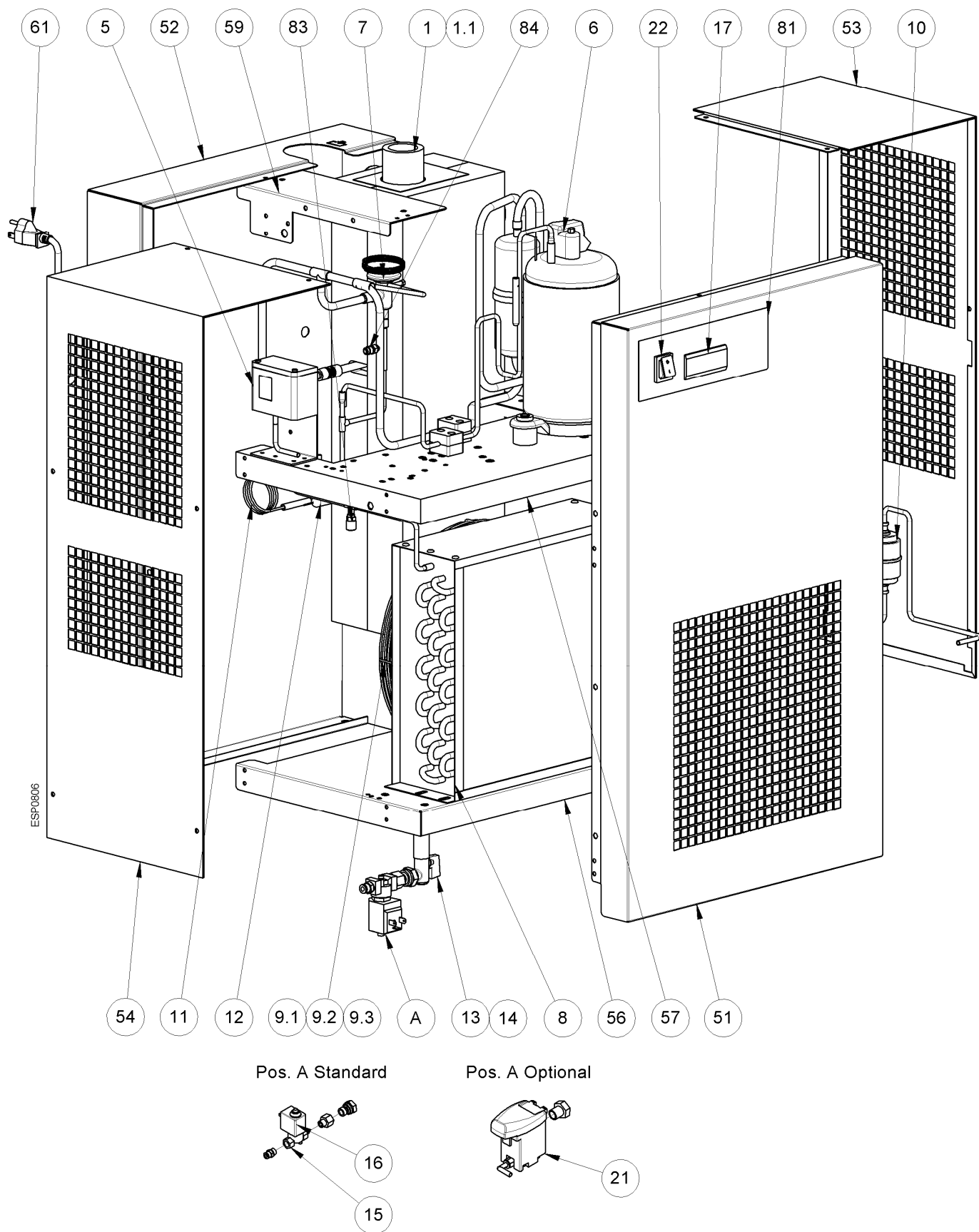
Pos. A optional



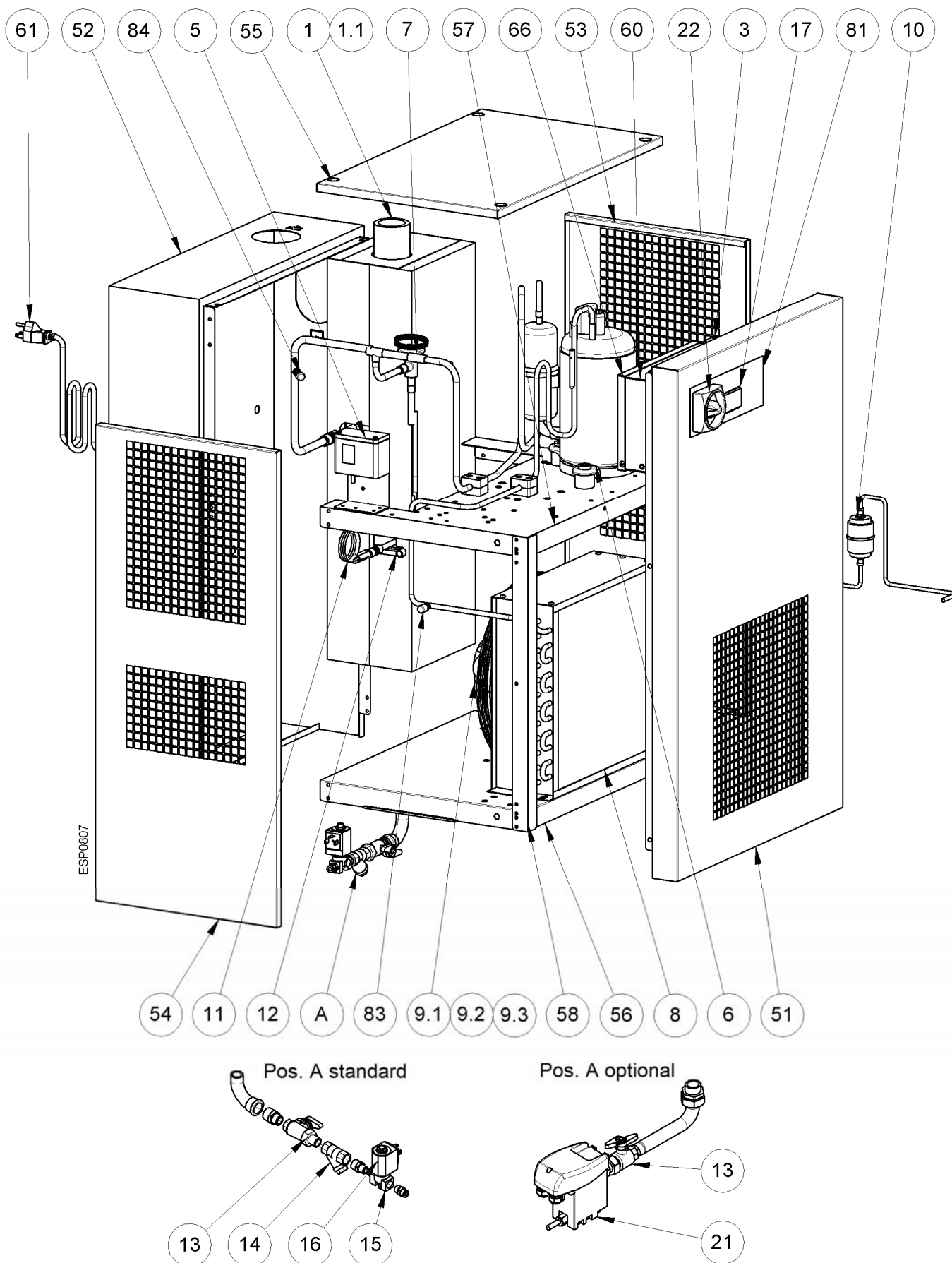
9.2.5 EGRD 150 1/115/60 - 1/230/60



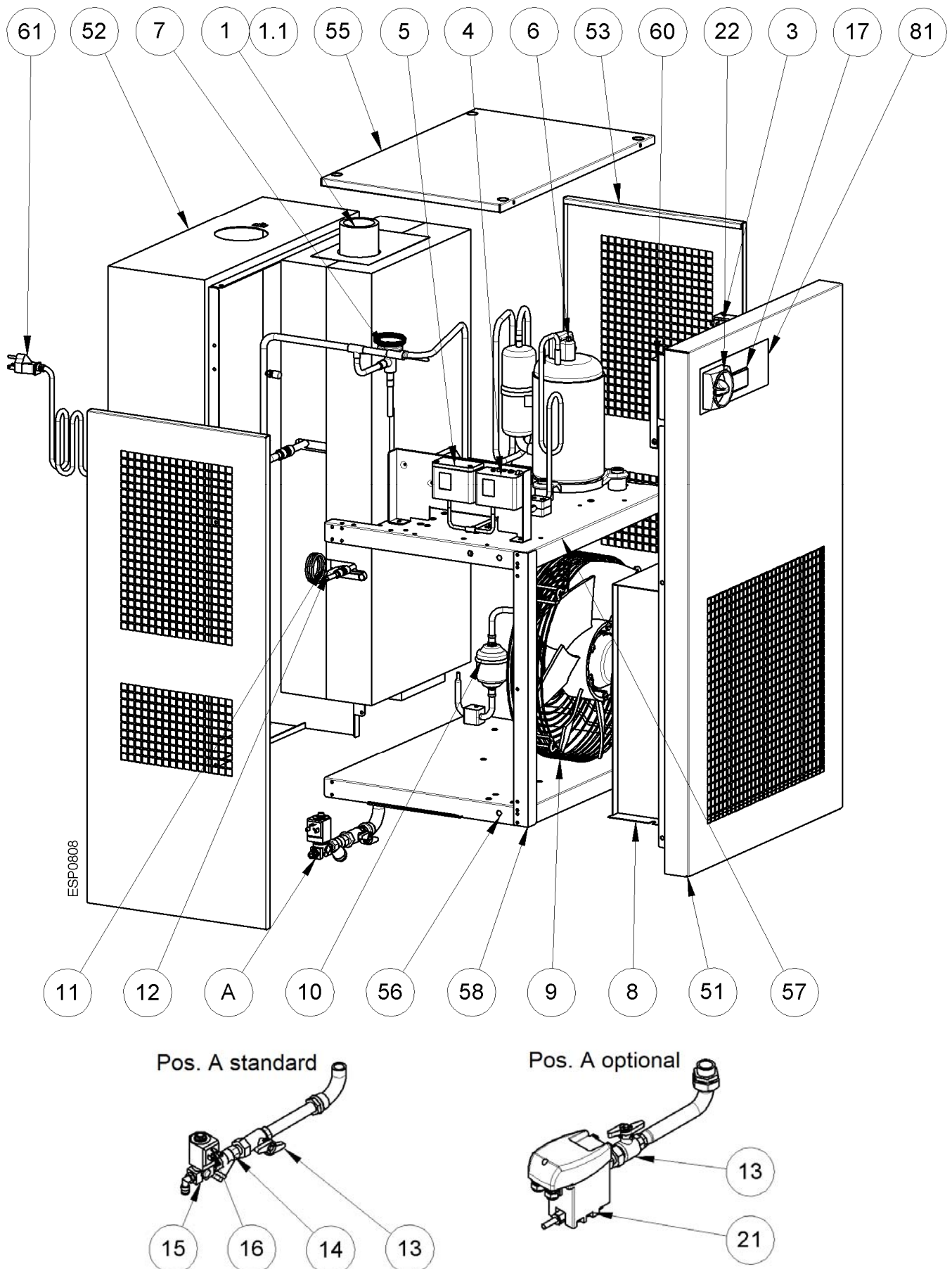
9.2.6 EGRD 175 1/115/60 - 1/230/60



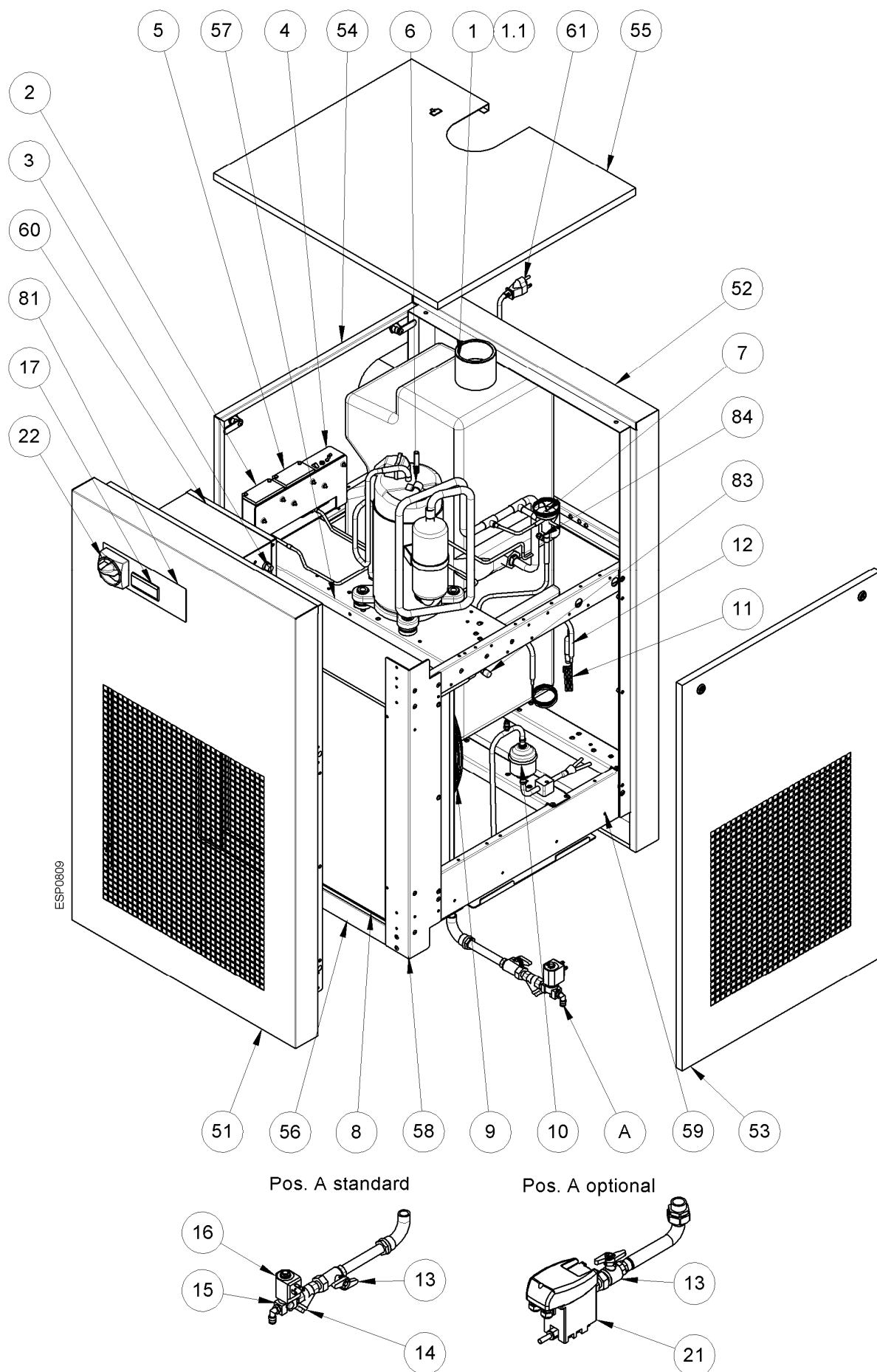
9.2.7 EGRD 200 - 250 1/115/60 - 1/230/60



9.2.8 EGRD 300 – 400 1/230/60

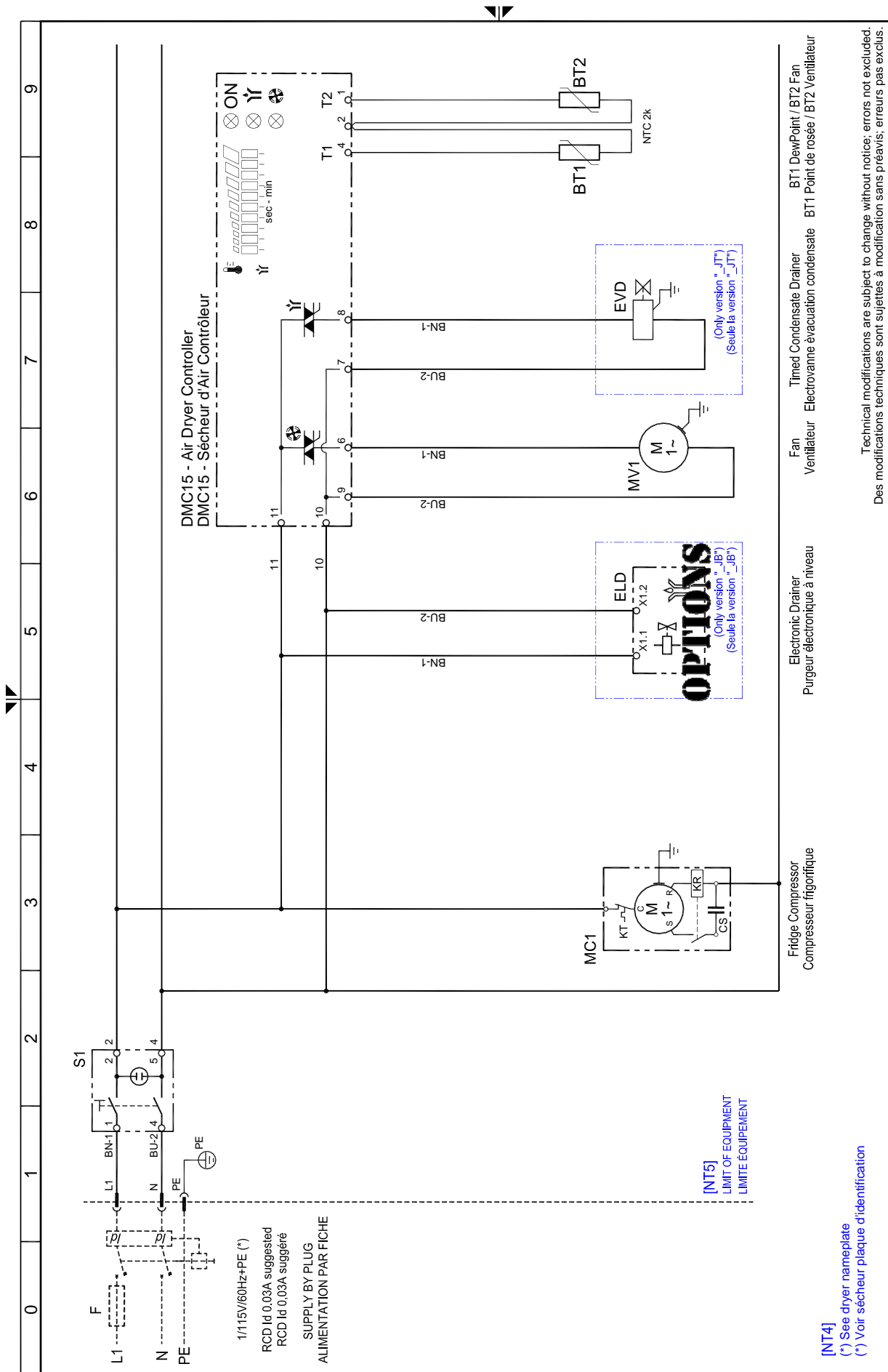


9.2.9 EGRD 500 1/230/60

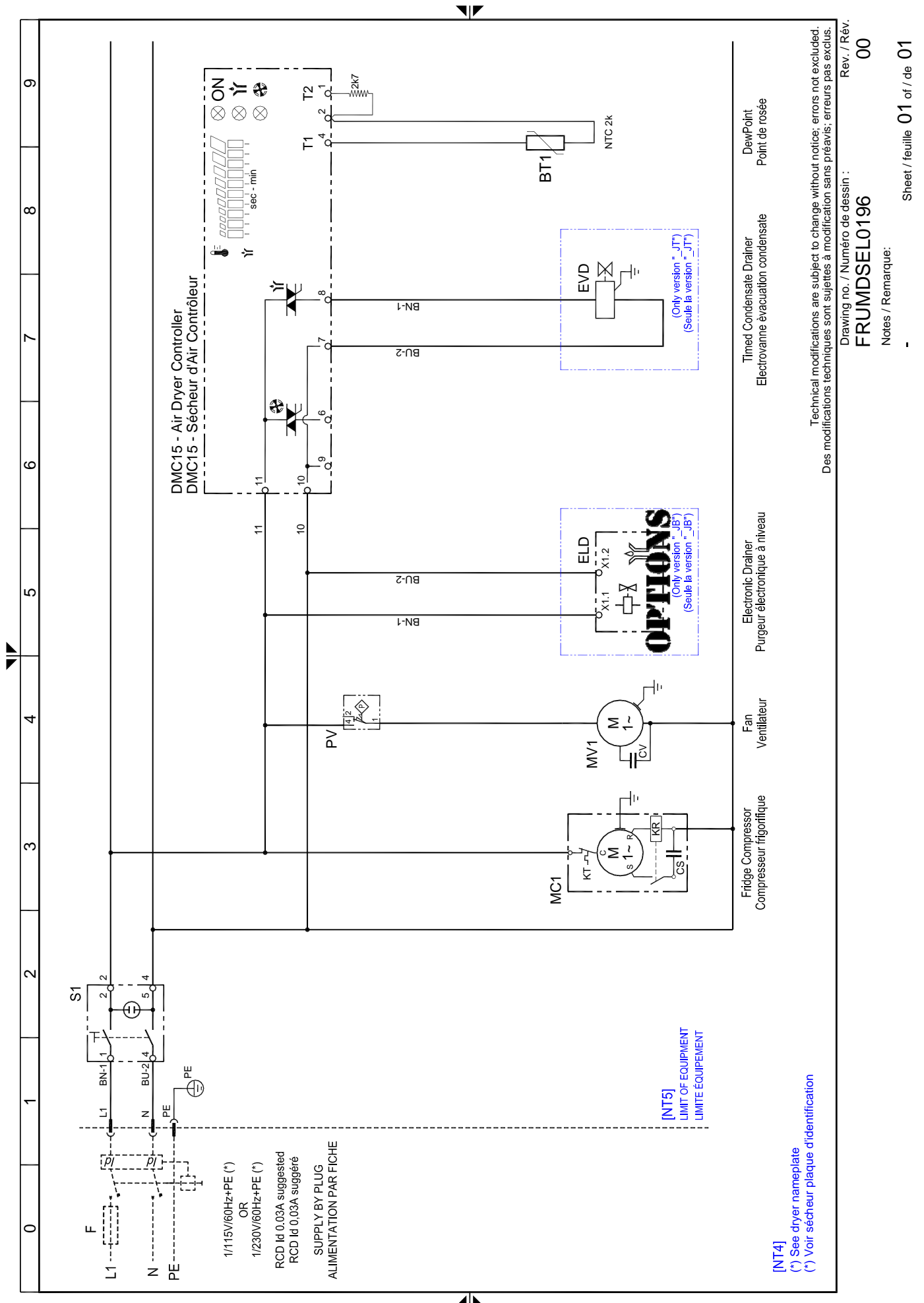


9.3 Electric diagrams

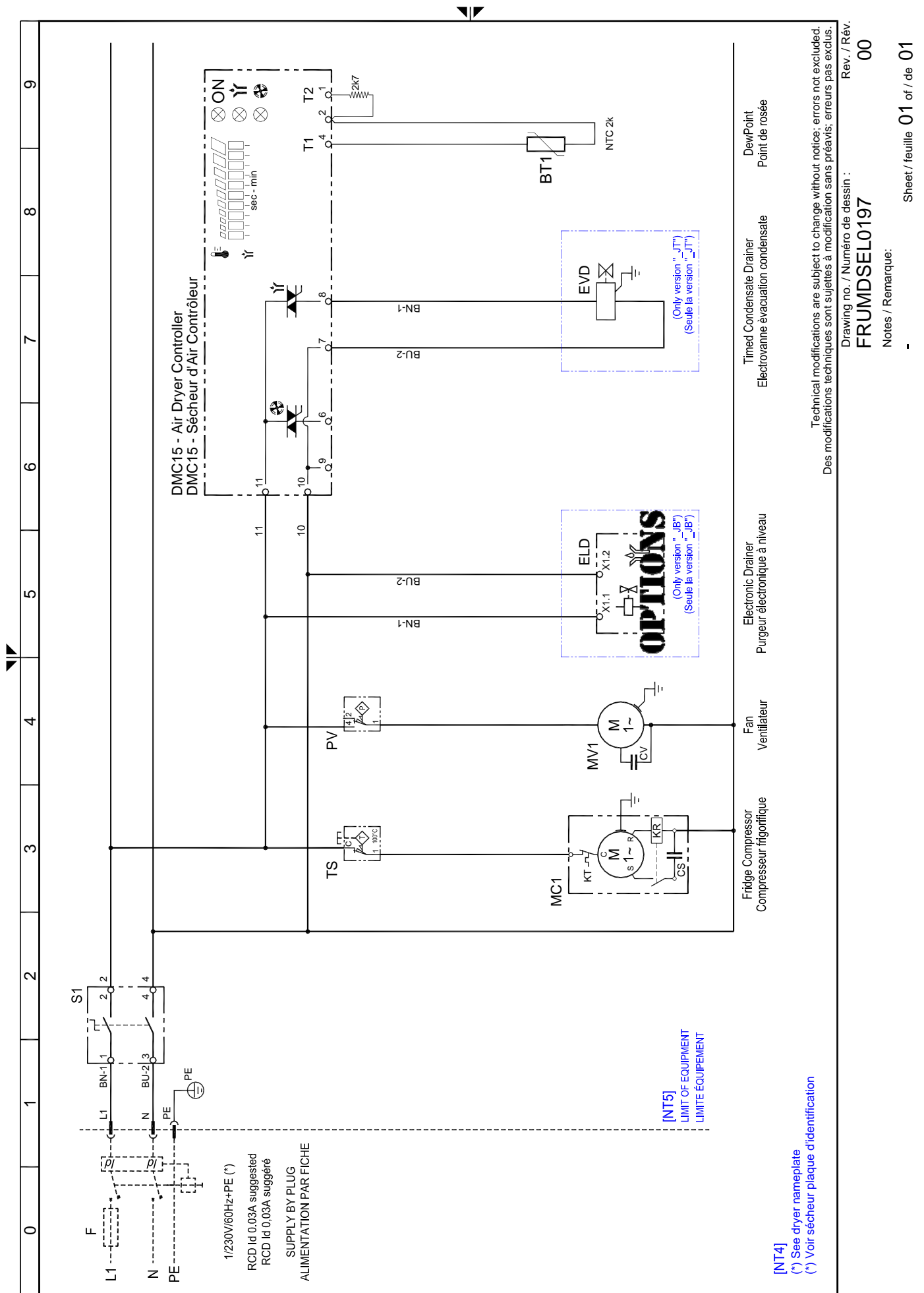
9.3.1 EGRD 010 – 100



9.3.2 EGRD 150 – 200



9.3.3 EGRD 250



Technical modifications are subject to change without notice; errors not excluded.
Des modifications techniques sont sujettes à modification sans préavis; erreurs pas exclus.

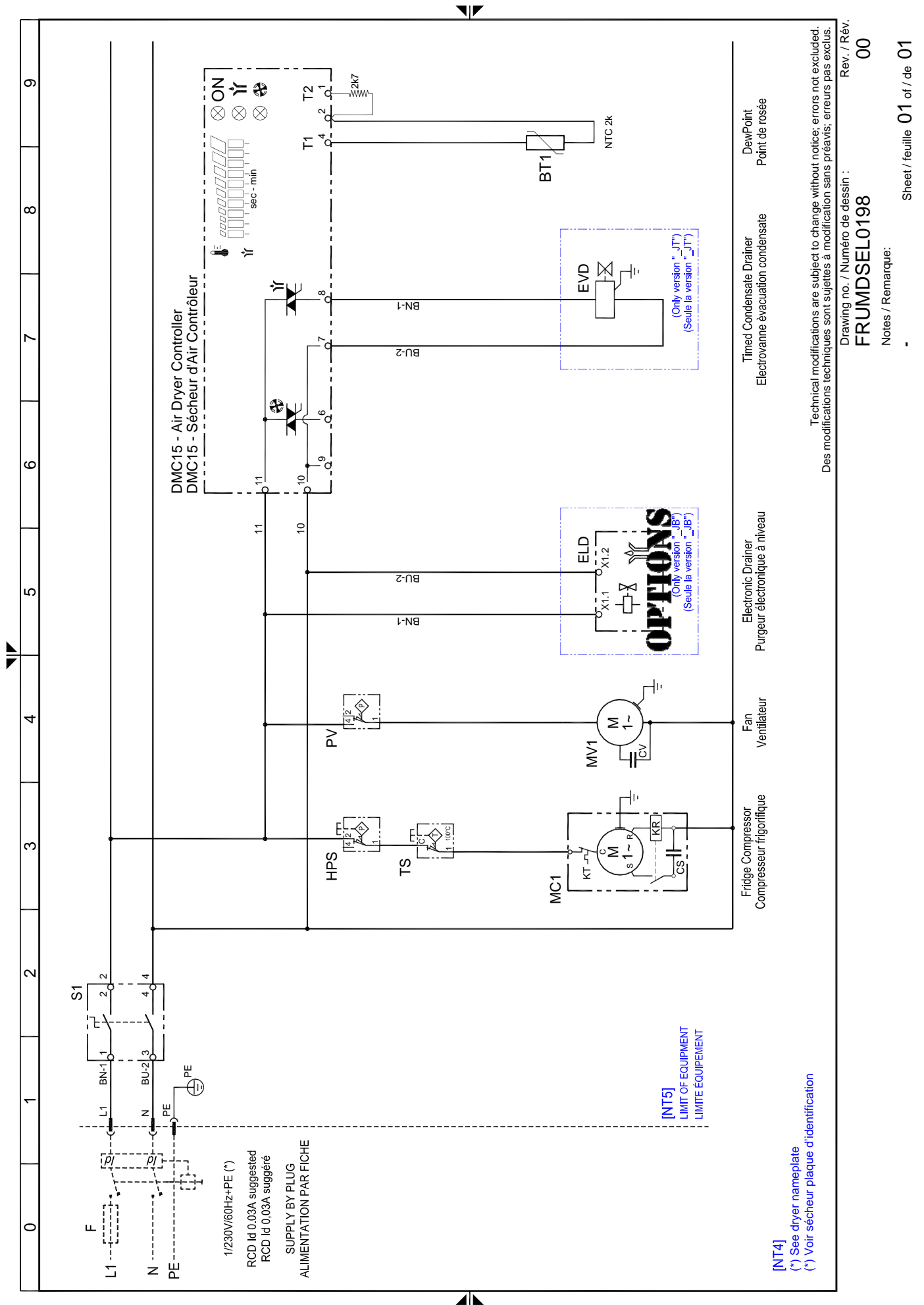
Drawing no. / Numéro de dessin : **FRUMDSEL0197**

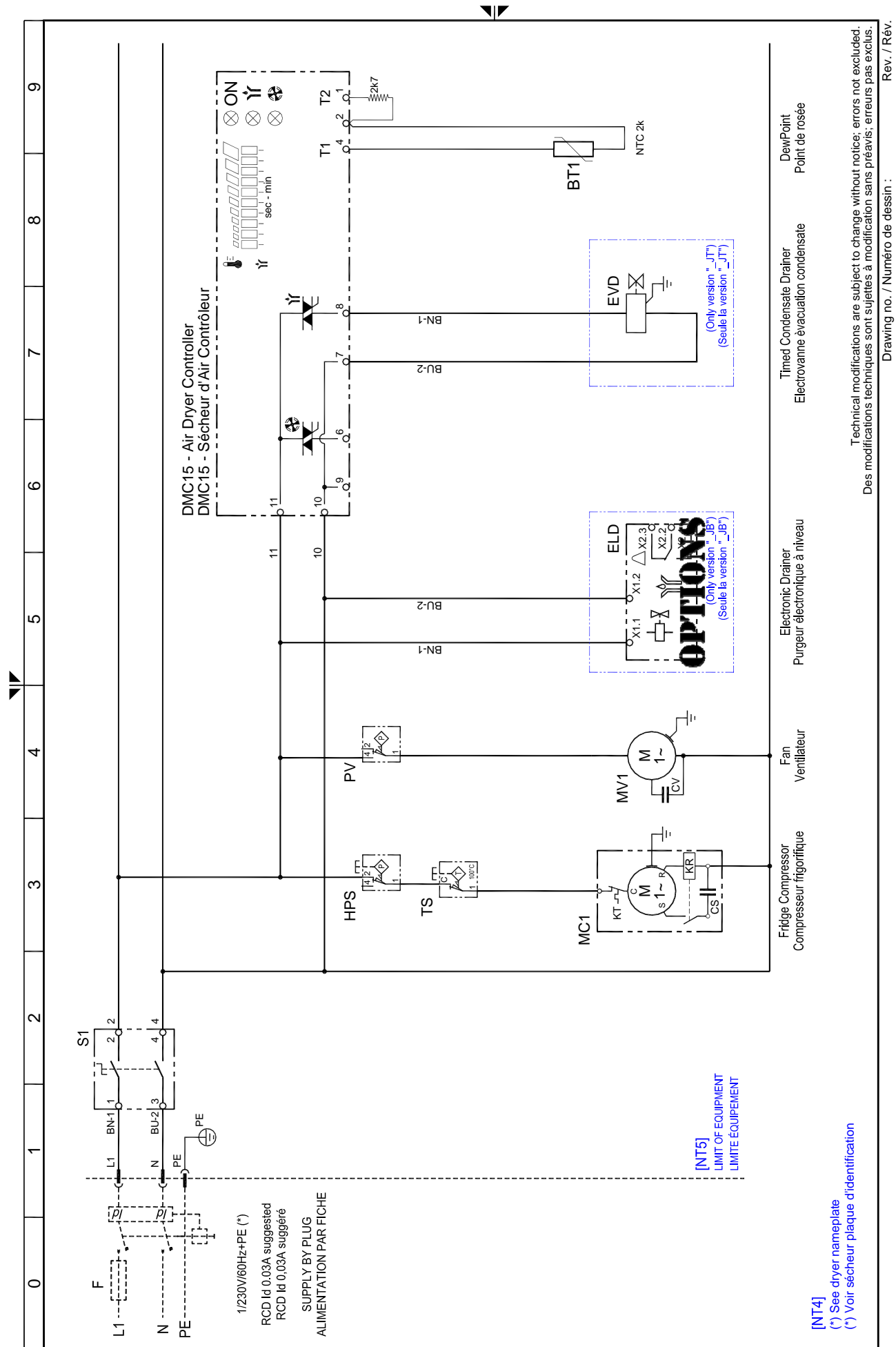
Rev. / Rév. **00**

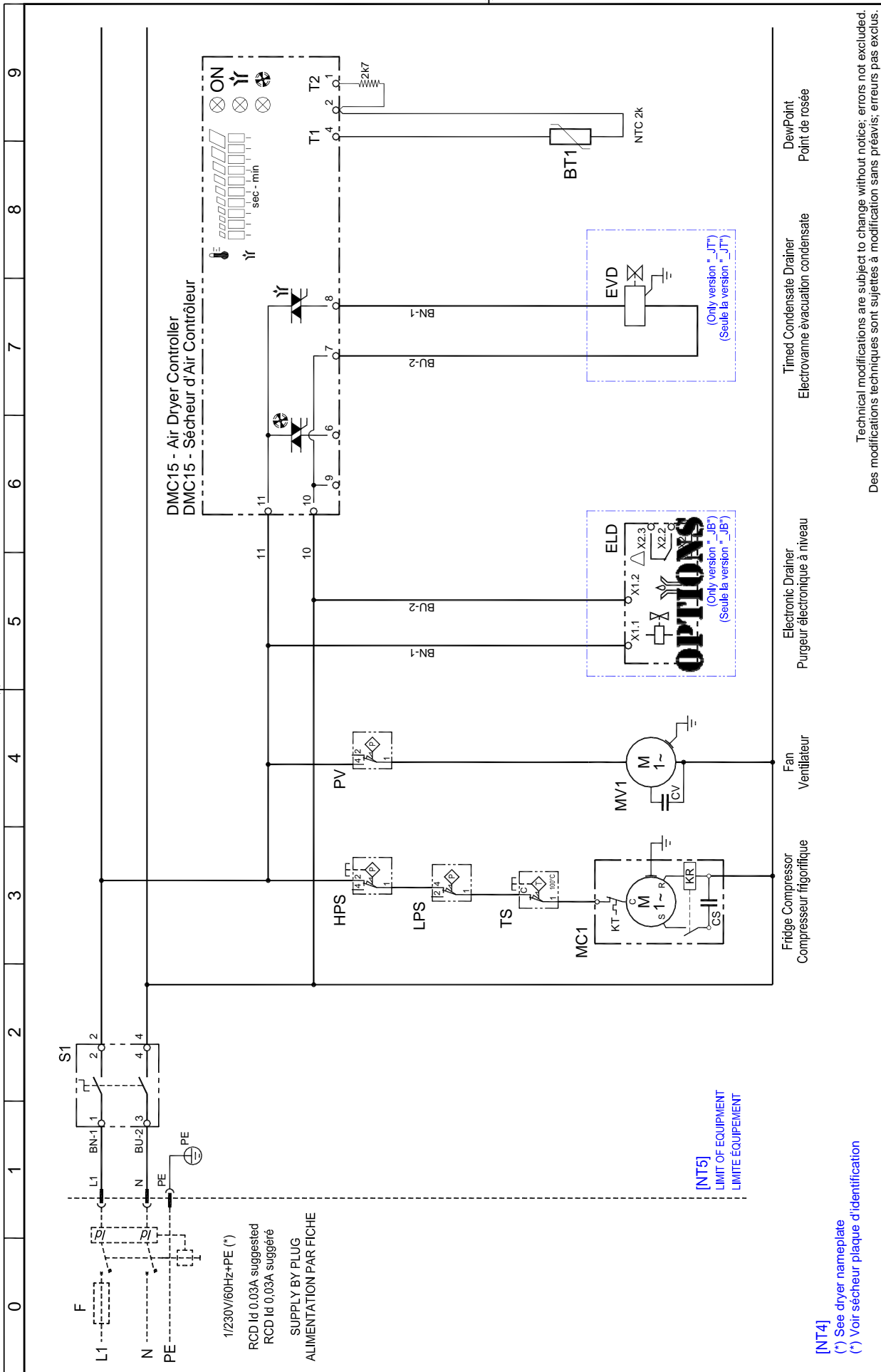
Notes / Remarque: -

Sheet / feuille **01** of / de **01**

9.3.4 EGRD 300







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ELGi™ Brand Support

Our Uptime brand is supported, and held up, by three strong pillars:



UPTIME Design

This speaks to the engineering and design of our products. Our R&D is dedicated to designing machines that run cooler, cleaner and longer... that are easy to service... with longer service intervals. Our commitment to an UPTIME DESIGN.



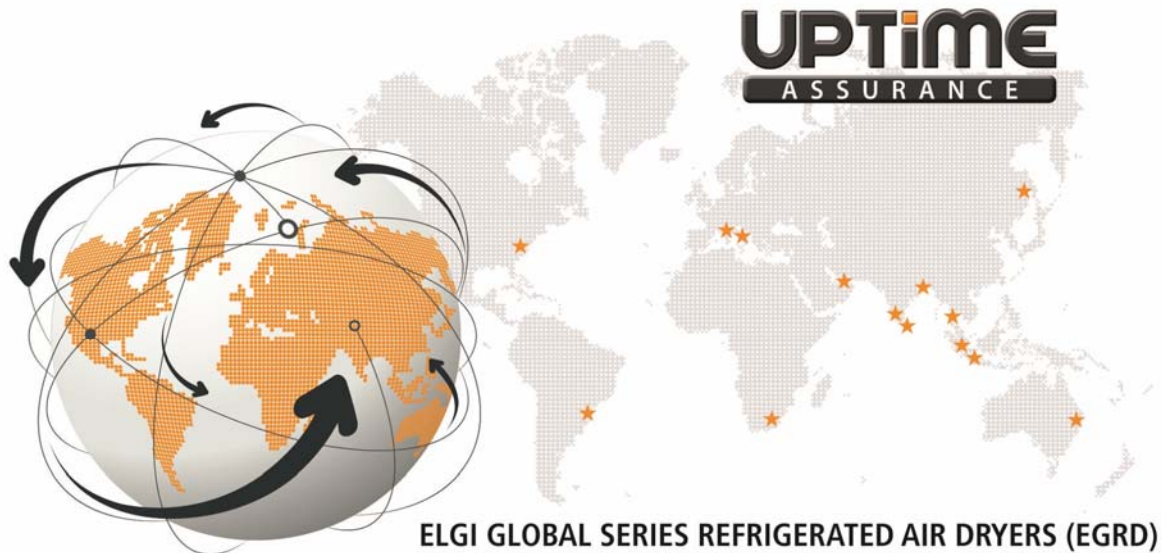
UPTIME Components

For so many of our customers, seeing is believing. They know a quality-built machine when they see it. That's why every part on a ELGi™ compressor is a quality part. From our proprietary air ends, to our use of leak-free hoses and piping.



UPTIME Assurance

Here is where we back our pledge, with industry-leading warranties, parts availability, loaner machines and call centers staffed by experts. All with the peace-of-mind customers have knowing their compressor is assembled locally.



World-Class Products. Global Reach. Local Service.

Founded in 1960, ELGi™ Compressors has risen to become one of the world's largest manufacturers of air compressors. Our rapidly expanding global footprint now spans 63 countries, 20 offices and more than 280 distributors.

ELGi **AIRMATE**

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Manufacturing locations: China, France, India, Italy

Subsidiaries and offices : Australia, Bangladesh, Brazil, China, France, Indonesia, Italy, Srilanka, Thailand, UAE, USA

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